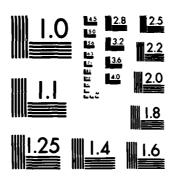
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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

BY THE U.S. GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Report To The Honorable Ken Kramer House Of Representatives

Numerous Issues Involved In Large-Scale Disposals And Sales Of Federal Real Property

AD-A145 061

The market value of Federal real property is unknown, and the amount of revenue that the Government could raise from selling land or other property would be difficult to predict. Whether enough revenue could be raised to make such a disposal program worthwhile is not known.

Most Federal real property, other than public domain lands, has been acquired to support or provide some Federal program or service. Disposing of these properties might result in the associated program or service being cut back or eliminated. In addition, a large-scale Federal land sales program would require the Congress to establish a land disposal policy as opposed to its present policy of acquiring, retaining, and managing land.







CED-82-18 DECEMBER 11, 1981

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COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

B-205666

The Honorable Ken Kramer House of Representatives

Dear Mr. Kramer:

Your July 16, 1981, letter asked us to study all Federal lands to determine which lands could and should be sold, the market value of all Federal lands, and the methods of disposal or sale that would not only yield the most revenue but "do justice" to existing uses. In particular, you asked us to address the following five issues.

- -- The total amount of Federal land in the United States, broken down by agency and by State.
- --The kind of lands held by each agency, broken down by acreage--that is, how many acres in national grasslands, national parks, multiple-use forests, wilderness, office buildings, defense installations, and so forth--and whether the land is currently being used.
- -- The approximate market value of the land owned by each Federal agency both by category and by State.
- -- Possible revision of existing statutes and regulations governing the sale of Federal land to States, local governments, or private individuals.
- -- The uses to which funds obtained through sale of excess land could best be applied.

As agreed with you, we did not pursue these issues in the depth you originally wanted because of the extensive time and resources that would be needed. However, we obtained available information on Federal real property, including land, and on some of the problems and issues that would be involved in planning for and carrying out a large-scale disposal program.

Gathering accurate data on Federal property holdings and addressing all the problems and issues inherent in a disposal program would require an extensive staff and considerable time-up to 10-12 years for some properties to be sold, according to General Services Administration headquarters officials. With a time frame of that length, the information gathered in the

early stages could become outdated before the project was completed. Moreover, even if staff were available to provide all the requested information, the Congress would have to become involved in initiating a large-scale disposal program as well as in determining how the money should be used if such a program were to go into effect. In addition, a large-scale Federal land sales program would require the Congress to establish a policy of disposing of Federal land as opposed to its present policy of acquiring, retaining, and managing land.

As part of our review, we interviewed officials and obtained data on Federal real property from both the General Services Administration and the Department of the Interior. We also reviewed relevant reports of the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, the Congressional Research Service, and the Comptroller General's Interagency Advisory Committee on Federal Consolidated Financial Statements.

The data on Federal real property and other information we obtained are summarized below and discussed in more detail in appendixes I, II, and III. Also, we are providing you under separate cover excerpts from various documents which provide additional data and information on various issues. Appendix IV lists these materials.

FEDERAL REAL PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES

The General Services Administration's latest published inventory shows that as of September 30, 1979, the Federal Government owned 24,520 installations 1/ in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. These installations consisted of

- --744.1 million acres, or 32.7 percent of all land (2,271.3 million acres) in the United States;
- --405,147 buildings comprising over 2.65 billion square feet of floor area; and
- --\$52.3 billion (acquisition cost basis) worth of structures and facilities such as power development, flood control, and navigation projects; utility and communications systems; roads and bridges; reclamation and irrigation projects; airfield pavements; harbor and port facilities; and miscellaneous military facilities, monuments, and memorials.

^{1/}Installations are those entities whose property holdings are reported to the General Services Administration. They vary in size and type from a national park or hydroelectric project to a single office or vacant lot.

The Government does not attempt to establish the market value of Federal real property. Instead, the property is generally accounted for on the basis of acquisition cost. The total recorded cost of Federal real property as of September 30, 1979, was \$104.9 billion; however, 684.3 million acres, or about 92 percent of the 744.1 million acres of Federal land, is public domain land which is carried on the books at no cost. The \$104.9 billion consists of \$9.7 billion for land, \$42.9 billion for buildings, and \$52.3 billion for structures (other than buildings) and facilities.

The Department of Defense controlled 1.91 billion square feet of the Federal buildings in the United States, or 72.2 percent of the total. The cost of its structures and facilities represented about 54 percent of the total cost of all Federal structures and facilities. It also owned the most real property (land, buildings, structures and facilities)--\$59.7 billion, or 56.9 percent of the total recorded cost. The Departments of the Interior (522.7 million acres) and Agriculture (187.9 million acres) together owned 95.5 percent of the total federally owned land in the country.

ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE OF FEDERAL PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES

Although the Government does not value its property at market, other groups have attempted from time to time to place a more current value on all or certain portions of the Government's real property. These current values have generally been based on historical costs updated by various indexes. Accordingly, such values are not the same as market value because they do not necessarily reflect the amount of money that could be realized in the marketplace.

In 1972 the House Committee on Government Operations estimated the then-current value of public domain land at \$29.9 billion. This estimate was not, however, broken out on a parcel-by-parcel basis. Also, the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations estimated the 1978 replacement value of Federal real property, excluding public domain land, at \$279 billion.

The Comptroller General's Interagency Advisory Committee on Federal Consolidated Financial Statements estimated that as of September 30, 1978, the then-current value of Federal buildings, structures, and facilities (not adjusted for accumulated depreciation) was \$316 billion. This figure, which was computed based on estimated historical costs adjusted by various indexes, did not include the value of Federal land holdings.

PROBLEMS AND ISSUES INVOLVED IN PLANNING FOR AND CARRYING OUT A PROPERTY DISPOSAL PROGRAM

As we pointed out in our August 1981 meeting with you, a large-scale disposal program of federally owned real property

would involve formulating new Federal policy that could have a far-reaching impact not only on many Federal programs but also on States and local communities. Also, according to officials from the General Services Administration and Interior's Bureau of Land Management, extensive resources, both staff and time, would be needed not only to administer such a program but also to determine the properties that could and should be sold, the market value of all Federal property, and the statutes and regulations governing or affecting Federal property sales that may need to be revised or waived. Furthermore, additional resources will be needed to determine the uses to which funds obtained from such sales could best be applied.

Identifying the lands and/or other property that could and should be sold to raise a specific amount of money would involve determining which properties are currently being used, future property needs, marketability, market value, and method of sale. In addition, the impact on local real estate markets, on other programs, and on the people, communities, and areas these programs serve would have to be determined. If the amount of money raised through the sale of excess and surplus properties was short of the amount required, a further determination would then be needed of what additional impact there should be on the possible sale of real property not yet declared excess by the various programs. Therefore, a decision to dispose of property not yet declared excess could also mean deciding to cut back or eliminate the associated program or service. Most Federal real property, other than public domain lands, has been acquired to support or provide some Federal program or service.

A disposal program would have to comply with many legislative provisions and requirements (such as historic preservation, land-use planning, protection of endangered species, and preservation of wild and scenic rivers) unless the act authorizing the program waived the provisions or requirements or they were otherwise revised. Which lands or other properties are disposed of and how long the disposal process takes could be affected by such provisions or requirements.

In addition, a study to decide whether public domain land could be disposed of would have to include a comparative analysis of the amount obtained from selling the land versus the income from the fees which could be generated from the land that would be sold.

At your request, we did not take the additional time needed to obtain agency comments on the information in this report. As arranged with your office, unless you publicly announce its contents earlier, we plan no further distribution of this report until 10 days from the date of the report. At that time, we will send copies to interested parties and make copies available to others on request. Those receiving copies will include Senator

B-205666

Charles H. Percy and Representative Larry Winn, Jr., who have proposed Senate Resolution 231 and House Resolution 265, respectively, regarding the management of United States assets, and the Chairmen of the Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs and the House Committee on Government Operations, to which the respective proposed resolutions have been referred.

Sincerely yours,

Henry Eschwege Henry Eschwege Director

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	ABBREVIATIONS	
ACIR	Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	
BLM	Bureau of Land Management	
DOD	Department of Defense	
FLPMA	Federal Land Policy and Management Act	
GSA	General Services Administration	

FEDERAL REAL PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES

The General Services Administration (GSA) maintains an inventory of real property owned and leased by the Federal Government in the United States and throughout the world. The inventory is published annually $\underline{1}/$ and consists of three reports:

- 1. "Detailed Listing of Real Property Owned by the United States and Used by Civil Agencies Throughout the World"
- "Detailed Listing of Real Property Owned by the United States and Used by Military Agencies Throughout the World"
- 3. "Summary Report of Real Property Owned by the United States Throughout the World"

The third report condenses most of the information in the other two reports into tables and highlights certain statistical summaries with appropriate narrative. Other real property inventories are also compiled annually by each branch of the armed forces.

The detailed inventory of Federal real property is organized by Federal agency and, within the United States, by State. It lists the type of property, predominant use, and location (State, city, and county) for each installation. 2/ Each installation is classed as "land," "buildings," or "structures and facilities." In addition, the report gives information on the year in which the installation was acquired or constructed; the floor area; acreage; and the original cost of each parcel of land, building, structure, or facility. There is no information in these reports on the current market value.

As of September 30, 1979, the Federal Government had 24,250 installations in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. These installations consisted of 744.1 million acres, 2,653 million square feet of floor area, and numerous other structures and facilities.

COST OF REAL PROPERTY

As the following chart shows, the total recorded cost of Federal real property in the United States as of September 30,

^{1/}The latest inventory reports were published in May 1981 for fiscal year 1979.

^{2/}An installation is an entity whose property holdings are reported to GSA. Installations vary in size and type, ranging from a national park or hydroelectric project to a single office or vacant lot.

APPENDIX I

1979, was \$104.9 billion; however, 684.3 million acres of the 744.1 million acres owned by the Federal Government is public domain land which is carried on the books at no cost. Of the 744.1 million acres, about 148 million acres will be eventually conveyed to either the State of Alaska or the Alaska Natives.

Onlog Fideral Real Property In the United States

As of Sentember 30 1970



	Billion Dollars	!	Percent
Land	\$ 9.7	or	9.2%
Buildings	42.9	or	40.9
Structures and Facilities	52.3	or	49.9
TOTAL	\$104.9	-	100%

Source: General Services Administration

The following chart shows the cost of the land owned by the Government by predominant usage. Because public domain land is carried at no cost, it is not shown in the chart.



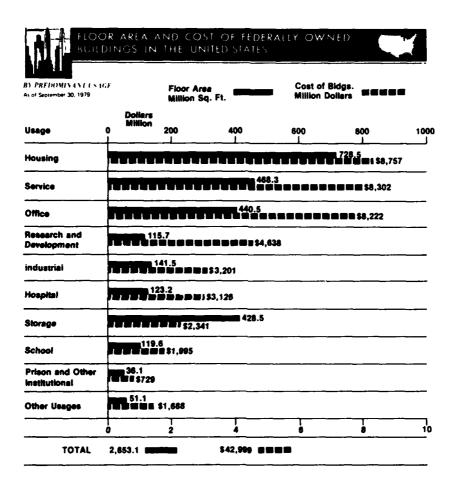
BY PREDOMINANT USAGE

As of September 30, 1979

	Cost Million Dollars
Flood Control and Navigation	\$4,424
Parks and Historic Sites	1,417
Forest and Wildlife	900
Office Building Locations	755
Reclamation and Irrigation	377
Military (except Airfields)	482
Power Development and Distribution	286
Industrial	210
Research and Development	146
Airfields	164
Storage	131
Institutional	112
Grazing	28
Harbor and Port Facilities	25
Housing	4
Vacant	2
Other Land Usages	217
TOTAL	\$9,600

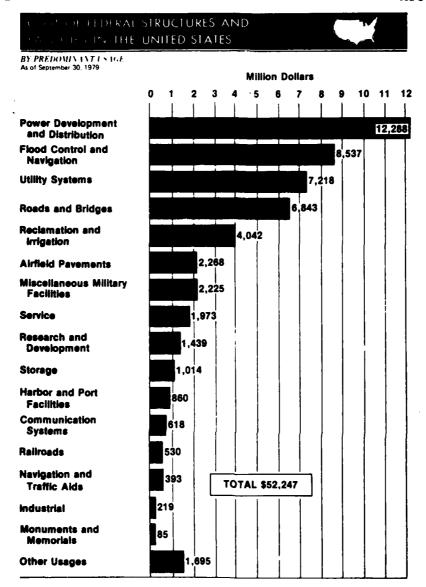
Source: General Services Administration

As of September 30, 1979, the Federal Government owned 405,147 buildings in the United States, ranging from 6.6 million square feet in the Pentagon to less than 100 square feet of storage, service, or other space at various locations. The following chart shows the cost and floor area by predominant usage.



Source: General Services Administration

Structures and facilities owned by the Federal Government include such items as utility systems, communication systems, roads and bridges, railroads, monuments and memorials, airfield pavements, harbor and port facilities, hydroelectric and other power development projects, reclamation and irrigation projects, underground vaults, and parking areas. The following chart shows the cost for Federal structures and facilities by predominant usage.



Source: General Services Administration

FEDERAL REAL PROPERTY BY AGENCY

The Department of Defense (DOD) controls more federally owned building space in the United States than any other Government agency and also leads in the total cost of real property. As of September 30, 1979, DOD controlled 1,914 million square feet of Federal buildings, or 72.2 percent of the total. The cost of its real property was \$59.7 billion, or 56.9 percent of the total recorded cost of Federal real property in the United States.

The Departments of the Interior and Agriculture together owned 710.7 million acres, or 95.5 percent of all federally owned land in this country, as of September 30, 1979. The following table shows the Federal real property by agency.

Federal Real Property in the United States by Agency and Bureau As of September 30, 1979

			Land (acres)		.	Buildings		Cost (thousands of dollars)	ds of dollars)	
Agency	Number of instal- lations	Urben	Runi	Total	Number	Floor area (square feet)	P P	Buildings	Structures and facilities	Total
CIVIL AGENCIES										
American Battle Monuments Commission	8	0.	O.	O.	0	0	0	0	2,731	2,731
Oentral Intelligence Agency	2	193.0	1.06	283.1	7	76,915	111	4,505	25	4,641
Community Services Administration	\$	2.6	.2	2.8	9	59,363	83	430	0	513
Department of Commerce: Martime Administration	on .	146.9	790.1	937.0	100	1,426,055	6,453	17,773	17,681	41,907
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	250	239.4	51,141.1	51,380.5	802	2,024,790	4,310	40,428	16,146	60,884
National Bureau of Standards Office of Telecommunications	- •	0 0 0 0	2,472.8	2,472.8	13	15,064	265	345	625	1,235
Total	270	1,181.8	54,789.2	55,971.0	996	6,361,627	12,228	160,512	50,964	223,704
Department of Energy: Alaska Power Administration	!	10.7	20,433.3	20,444.0	13	44.456	62	2,390	107,899	110,351
Bonneylle Power Administration	572	2,486.3	11,261.1	13,747.4	173	808,918	28,116	23,595	1,644,014	1,695,725
Cutter of the control	108	42,106.6	1,286,801.9	1,328,908.5	6,685	84,457,867	117,891	3,340,879	1,628,657	5,087,427
Strategic Petroleum Reserve Office		9.6	2,111.7	2,111.7	. . .	14,254	83,085	292	488	83,868
Western Area Power Administration.	° 23	67.3	6,686.2	6,752.5	199	488,878	1,048	12,636	688,002	989,189
Total	838	44,746.1	1,530,388.7	1,575,134.8	7,173	86,034,101	230,406	3,383,538	4,117,320	7,731,264
Department of Justice: Busens of Biscone	48	3 591 1	25.816.8	29 407 9	1 380	19 641 638	12.717	217.794	41.129	271,640
Federal Bureau of Investigation	-	0.	0	Q	2	418,588	•	16,180	•	16,180
Pederal Prison Industries, Inc. Immigration and Naturalization Service	28 266	O. 88 S. 58	.0 524.3	.0 607.6	5 8 8	2,728,134 989,542	o 50 50	26,519 15,000	3,730	29,249 18,915
Department of Labor Employment and Training Mane Safets shealth ASM	£ 6	3,468.4	1,088.8	4,557.2	1,432	.9,654,469 254,474	6,495	62,633	14,208	83,336 20,056
Total	46	3,468.6	1,162 9	4,631.5	1,441	9,908,943	6,532	B2,652	14,208	103,392
									1	!

Source: General Services Administration

Federal Real Property in the United States by Agency and Bureau As of September 30, 1979 (continued)

Department of Rate: International Boundry & Water Comm. U.S.	92	27.8	120,134.8	120,482.6	116	193.047	43.259	1.963	136.513	186 275
Department of Agriculture:	.: 				 			1 1		
Animal/Plant Health Service	2	19.0 0.4	974.8	1,168.8	131	449,968	3	3,568	4,368	8.577
Format Service	- 9	9	0.00	0	- ;	3.076	0	S	•	
Science/Education	677	0.160,1 0.160,1	167,507,176.2	187,508,227.2	14,368	17,611,998	607,752	224,595	4,050,068	4,882,416
Soil Conservation Service	8	52.0	1,483.7	1,536.7	7. 1. 1. 1.	10,804,06 227,291	13,504 459	36,066 1,870	35,626 584	235,186
Total	479	2,100.9	187,908,603.1	187,910,704.0	17,457	29,096,403	622,356	416,140	4,090,646	5,129,142
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare:					1					
Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health	~	339.3	q	239.3	8	3.077.466	37.4	69 793	036.3	2077
Center for Disease Control	20	117.4	O.	117.4	7	1.068.261	234	027.07	41.6	100,000
Food and Drug Administration	40	526.5	241.5	768.0	25	1,109,406	5,866	72.076	9.219	67 161
Health Services Administration	169	804.2	514.8	1,319.0	1,895	9,667,909	2,139	198,670	11.571	212,380
National Institutes of Health	æ	1,430.6	33.2	1,463.8	165	6,331,361	4,394	198.802	11.174	214.370
National Institute of Education	-	12.4	0	12.4	•	•	so.	0	•	S
Office of Education	3	Q.	0	9	191	6,143,093	0	121,725	•	121.725
SAN SECULIS Administration	2	287.5	6. 4	291.	8	2,914,463	7,247	76,166	æ	83,421
Total	339	3,517.9	196.4	4,314.3	2,499	30,311,958	20,259	770.592	38.536	H29.387
Department of Housing and Urban Destionment:				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			:	•		=======================================
	က		2.7	267.3	•	•	806	•	2,347	3,255
		d J	1 1		:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1			
Department of the Interior:	;	!	,							
Bureau of trotten Affairs	121	1,747.4	779,638.5	780,985.9	6.993	24,401,357	5,332	288,720	385.194	679,246
Berner of Mann	9 v	0.250	404,012,808.9	404,013,491.5	1,242	1,346,671	20,197	29.811	330.414	380.422
Plan and Wildlife Service	9 5	18 904 7	12,910.6	13,067.7	5 5	1,620,793	976	28,281	18,082	47,309
Geological Surrey	2 %	181	1 677 1	7.000.000.54	5,028	579.55.7	304,069	90,486	126,539	511,114
National Park Service	3	91.936.2	68.171.949.9	64 243 886 1	16 148	22 735 A15	1 350 648	305.05	3,179	22,041
Office of Water Research and Technology	•	28.4	0	28.4	27	84.813	0	2.241	9.537	11.778
Water and Power Resources Service	508	16,627.4	6,599,190.2	6,615,817.6	2,446	4,258,263	399,079	56,312	6,102,585	976,732,9
Total	2,148	129,662.5	522,609,870.2	522,739,562.7	32,344	62,459,297	2,080,855	809,215	7,995,178	10,885,248
Department of Transportation: Referent Assetting Assetting	960 1	900	9 9 9 9							
Federal Hetway Administration		20.5	0.0,518.0 A3.0	6.050.00	57.	10,974,690	26,739	486,026	362,704	877,469
Pederal Reitroad Administration	8	1.412.9	36.594.6	38.007.5	23.3	1 027 716	3 5	26.130	36, 51	120.420
St. Lawrence Stawny	-	7.3	2,897.4	2,904.7	=	74,622	8	3.215	114.077	118.254
Theneportation System Center	- :	14.0	o,	14.0	2	357,187	1,786	17,517	5,504	24.807
	200,1	1.201.4	81,604.3	88.945.7	4.916	22,060,810	51,159	393,383	280,303	724,845
Total	9,614	11,642.7	177,139.1	186,781.8	12,200	34,625,074	83,706	929,675	920,768	1,934,148
•	-									

Federal Real Property in the United States by Agency and Bureau As of September 30, 1979 (continued)

Environmental Protection Agency	36	174.7	89.3	274.0	97	1,094,698	3,925	48.504	6,156	58,585
Federal Communications Commission	91	47.7	2,525.4	2,573.1	7.4	113,037	630	2,260	716	3,867
General Services Administration	1,024	9.408.9	7,140.0	16,548.9	2,759	203,086,790	383,882	3,111,185	84.947	3,580,014
Government Printing Office	-	5.5	0	5.5	4	1,432,000	0	9.085	0	9,085
International Communication Agency	9	O.	8,701.9	8,701.9	33	223,809	1.654	10,907	34,233	46.794
National Science Foundation	2	450.2	3,123.4	3,573.6	175	821.415	1.200	55,663	42,170	99,033
National Aeronautics and Space Administration.	8	5,012.7	128,879.7	133,892.4	2,285	32,187,315	115.189	1.603,514	1,154,982	2,873,685
Tennessee Valley Authority	207	169.5	968,702.5	986,872.0	483	3,569,345	394,334	59.225	4,670,175	5,123,734
Treesury Department: Bureau of Engraving and Printing	-								 	8
Bureau of Customs	. 35		350.0	86	7 6	1.44/.440	1.4/0	3 521	9 6	700,22
Bureau of the Mint	~	12.1	78.6		2 2	1.034.551	4.840	28.429	282	33.297
Federal Law Enforcement Training		o;	1,525.6	1,525.6	192	1,317,167	3,051	8,310	1,504	12,865
Office of the Secretary		6.9	0. 55	6.3	~	902,908	0	20,803	0	20,803
	- }	j.	490.3	490.3	on .	43,449	474	2,024	3,633	6,131
Total	46	30.8	2,44.5	2,475.3	288	4,870,990	8,899	84,381	5,593	99,873
U.S. Postal Service	3,692	6,199.3	0.	6,199.3	3,569	100,738,745	421,298	2,831,937	339	3,253,574
Veterans Administration	314	15,176.4	10,218.0	25,394.4	5.014	115,026,974	53,298	2,328,015	368,278	2,749,591
Total, civil agencies	19.482	237,498.6	713,581,153.2	713,818,651.8	90,968	739,069,748	4,499,433	16,978,381	23.784,155	45,261,969
DEFENSE AGENCIES										
Defense, military functions: Department of the Army Department of the Navy Department of the Navy	1,263 511 2,026	869,178.0 1,800,438.6 32,575.0	9,798,697.0 1,358,183.7 8,243,662.0	10,657,875.0 3,158,622.3 8,276,237.0	116,785 85,831 102,349	735,674,695 604,022,638 560,892,891	317,785 286,801 183,072	9,442,883 6,984,978 9,371,401	5,105,727 4,508,509 6,089,348	14,866,395 11,780,288 15,643,821
Total	3,800	2,692,191.6	19,400,542.7	22,082,734.3	304.965	1,900,590,224	187,658	25,799,262	15,703,584	42,290,504
Defense, civil functions: Corps of Engineers	1,238	62,762.9	8,171,720.6	8,234,483.5	9,314	13,477,129	4,393,377	221,362	12,759,518	17,374,257
Total, Defense agencies	5,038	2,754,954.5	27,572,263.3	30,327,217.8	314,279	314,279 1,914,067,353	5,181,035	26,020,624	28,463,102	59,664,761
Total, all agencies	24,520	2,992,453.1	741,153,416.5	744,145,869.6	405,147	405,147 2,653,137,101	9,680,468	42,999,005	52,247,257	104,926,730

APPENDIX I

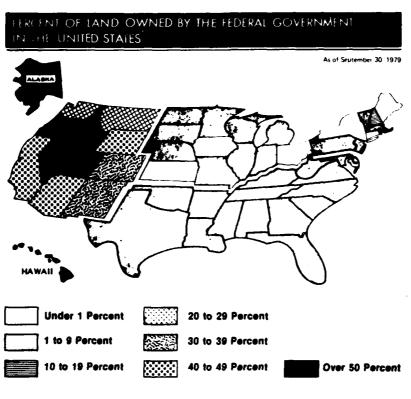
PEDERAL REAL PROPERTY BY STATE

The Federal Government owns real property in each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia. California leads other States in cost of federally owned real property and in floor area. Alaska leads in federally owned land in the United States. The following table shows the Federal real property by State as of September 30, 1979.

Federal Real Property in the United States by State As of September 30, 1979

	!		Land (Acres)				Cost (thous	Cost (thousands of dollars)	
State	Number of installations	Urban	Rural	Total	Number of buildings	Land	Buildings	Structures and facilities	Total
Alabama	365	835.6	1.121.452.6	1.122.288.1	7.331	118.078	719.080	2.329.001	3.166.159
Maska	1.177	724.418.0	332.691.797.4	333,416,215,4	7.650	109.126	1.413.420	1.213.174	2.735.720
Arizona	386	3.473.6	32.010.802.5	32.014.276.1	11.023	74.219	800.470	1.347.711	2 222.400
Arkansas	322	5 332 9	3 352 958 2	3 358 291 1	4.520	283.525	289.903	1.197.587	1,771,015
Oalifornia	1.579	1 501 104 3	45 201 020 7	46 702 125 0	59 726	1 004 174	5 058 873	5 969 829	12 032 876
Colorado	94	26.453.9	23 581 492 6	23 607 946 5	866.9	194 247	1.164.084	1 213 003	2.571.334
Connecticut	900	8 413 9	0.400	0.326.0	980 6	19.17	249 179	82.011	374 124
Deference	8 4	0.414.0	0.836	0,000.0	900,0	0.000	151,050	110,00	900 160
District of Columbia	6 4 4	0.000	6.176,04	40,651.9	- 07 - 0	0,0,01	000,101	110,50	076 300 1
Marce of Conditions	901	11,960.7	9.000	12,829.1	2,148	101,388	0.24.214.1	232,240	1,000,24
Plonds	382	35,552.5	4.005,392.7	4,040,945.2	14.982	384,653	1,835,643	1.262,644	3,482,940
Georgia	689	24,156.7	2,253,204.3	2,277,361.0	12,546	200,813	1,122,029	805,515	2,128,357
Havei	295	6.969,33	604,923.2	660,620.1	14.481	62,462	789,851	621,737	1,474,050
dabo	365	974.9	33,758,596.7	33,759,571.6	4,163	58,677	330,272	1,258,373	1,647,322
Blinois	710	5,077.5	601,519.1	606,596.6	7,260	182,099	1,432,418	764.904	2,379,321
Indiana	354	2.007.3	494.640.2	496.647.5	5.328	150.340	457.796	490.210	1.098.346
gano,	308	657.7	226 790 6	227 448 3	1 707	63.874	221.362	166.501	451.737
Kansas	328	1 757 5	731 957 9	733 014 7	7.433	208 163	589 359	R5.2 R4.1	1 740 363
Centucky	338	0.101.0	1 111 000 1	1 414 350 6	200.5	265.052	745 395	1 686 991	706 460
Cultiples	9 6	2.182,4	1.000,000,1	1,000 500 1	400	500,000	207.041	177,000,1	2,1001,2
Maine	9 8	0,020,0	4.890,080,1	1.020,030.1	20.0	105.261	101,550	430,300	1,603.19
	267	0.707.6	0.440,021	0.100, PC1	2,774	1	000'197	225,148	766'676
and the second s	3/8	10,553.6	192,456.3	203,009.9	11.084	111,637	1,860,986	671,568	2,644,191
Whether the transfer to the tr	426	15,866.2	64,030.5	19,896.7	5,276	115,661	743,189	267,523	1,126,373
Schigan.	108	1,885.3	3,465,490.9	3,467,376.2	6,079	113,457	533,050	770,277	916.784
Ennesota	398	6,540.4	3,416,463.5	3,423,003.9	3,068	85,024	270,438	174,907	530,369
Masusippi	300	4,435.8	1,726,131.7	1,730,567.5	5,556	165,215	459,382	589,871	1,214,468
(Gasouri	999	12,057.6	2,183,525.4	2,195,583.0	6,197	430.672	922,938	643,394	1,997,004
Montana	632	1,231.8	27,739,340.4	27,740,572.2	5.867	74.241	226.434	1,659,959	1,960,634
Nebraska	349	615.3	711,557.7	712,173.0	2,487	95,836	242,241	401,958	740,035
Nevada	239	192.4	60,505,921.7	60,506,114.1	4,854	39,590	297,570	465,622	802,782
Vew Hampshire	6	2,640.1	719,249.2	721,889.3	824	28.979	116,639	88,513	234,131
New Jersey	405	53,347.4	98,182.2	151,529.6	7,339	132,647	926,333	433,630	1,492,610
New Mexico	338	8,431.2	25,865,313.5	25,873,744.7	11,64	43,211	906,987	816,184	1,766,382
New York	1.094	43.433.2	202,481.9	245.915.1	9.347	188.850	1.688.788	628.135	2,505,773
North Carolina	461	100.513.3	1.950,338.8	2.050.852.1	15.486	149.729	815.341	654.023	1,619,093
North Dakota	631	114.8	2,386,270.6	2,386,385.4	4.676	457.973	482.204	1.057.945	1,998,122
Ohio	628	5.354.7	339.954.0	345,308.7	5,562	246,563	1,399,894	923,144	2,569,601
Oktahome	381	59.908.5	1.530,144.7	1.589.953.2	7.251	498,463	603,025	1,076,588	2,178,076
Oregon	787	3,247.8	32,310,440.1	32,313,687.9	4,519	390,164	198,205	3,467,764	4,056,133
Pennsylvania	75.	9,434.9	723,130.4	732,565.3	6,284	364,227	1,061,284	766,022	2,191,533
Rhode Island	101	7,115.7	1.969	8,010.8	2,726	9,215	265,861	145,529	- 50.60 - 50.60
South Caroline	263	69,296.5	1,107,093.2	1,176,389.7	9,835	99,473	1,037,703	695,780	1,832,956
South Dakota	404	1,402.0	3,490,906.5	3,492,308.5	2,986	190,696	235,912	892,270	1,318,878
Tennessee	4	42,005.2	1,811,930.8	1,863,936.0	5,905	394,991	1,282,434	3,400,276	5,077,701
Pexas	1,236	24,943.3	3,363,711.9	3,408,655.2	26,330	472,584	2,555,895	1,631,989	4,660,468
Utah	306	2,612.2	33,527,355.2	33,529,967.4	4,853	27,286	435,024	616,259	1,078,569
Vermont	601	1,827.6	293,734.3	295,561.9	324	19,618	38,010	44.489	102,117
Virginia	57.1	65,904.4	2,343,843.5	2,409,747.9	18,109	189,472	2,024,276	1,649,074	3,862,822
Washington	867	4.741.4	12,467,962.3	12,472,703.7	15,770	292,965	1,141,339	4,876,773	6,311,077
West Virginia	5 60	426.2	1,096,632.0	1,097,058.2	896	226,751	144,943	332,619	704,313
Wisconstn	418	843.4	1,866,891.2	1,867,734.6	4,395	43,202	265,734	164,718	473,654
Wyoming	341	6,147.5	30,323,408.0	30,329,555.5	3,236	53,605	102,627	494,025	650,257
	24 520	2 002 453 1	741 153 416 5	744 145 869 6	405 147	9.680.468	42 999 005	52.247.257	104 926 730

In the 11 Western States--Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming--the Federal Government owned 358.9 million acres, or 47.7 percent of the acreage. These lands are principally public domain land used for national forests, national parks, and grazing. The following map depicts the Federal ownership pattern in the United States.



Total U.S. 2,271.3 Million Acres (100 Percent)

Federally Owned 744.1 Million Acres 32.7 percent)

	Acres (In	Millions)	Percent
States	Federally Owned	Total in States	Federally Owned
Alaska	333.4	365.5	91.2
Western	358.9	752.9	47.7
S.Atlantic, S. Central, D.C.	28.9	561.2	5.1
Northeastern, N. Central	22.3	587.6	3.8
Hawaii	0.6	4.1	14.6
TOTAL	744.1	2,271.3	32.7

Source: General Services Administration

FEDERAL REAL PROPERTY BY PREDOMINANT USAGE

Federal real property uses are many and varied. GSA summarizes all real property by agency and usage in three categories-land, buildings, and structures and facilities.

Land

GSA uses 18 different categories to classify land usage. Of the 744.1 million acres of federally owned land in the United States as of September 30, 1979, 446.4 million acres, or 60 percent, were primarily for forest and wildlife. Certain agencies, because of their assigned functions, control major portions of the acreage in each of the principal land usage categories. For example, the Department of the Interior leads in seven land usage categories. The following table shows the acreage and cost by agency and by usage as of September 30, 1979.

Federally Owned Land by Agency and Predominant Usage As of September 30, 1979

PART 1 - UNITED FRATES Chair Intelligence Agency PART 1 - UNITED FRATES Chair Intelligence Agency Chair Intelligence Chair Intelligence Agency Chair Intelligence Chair	-	Agreembure			*	Forest and wildlife	4	Parts and business:	i
AGENCIES AGENCIES ACRICIES ACRICIES B. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Acres	Cost	Acres	Cost	Acres	Ç	Are	3
Activities	PART 1-UNITED STATES	•							<u>;</u>
Development 1,529.6 430 19,678,699.8 15,624 167,453,262.6 55 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	CIVIL AGENCIES								
TRENSE Table 1	Label Labellian a Assess	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Multiplication of the control of the	: •	.	•	.	9	9.6	•	ą c	
mad Weithrer 1,529.6 430 19,678,680.8 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 55 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	ŀ		>	> •	•	? ;	₽ ;	2 .	
Trends of the control	approximately of Commence		> (.	9 (E.T.S	3 '	e (
Management 1529.6 420 19,678,630 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 15,684 167,453,362.6 55 15,684 167,453,362.6 5 15,684 167,453,362.6 5 15,684 167,453,362.6 5 15,684 167,453,362.6 5 15,684 167,453,362.6 5 15,684 167,453,362.6 5 15,684 167,453,362.6 5 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,453,362.6 15,684 167,48	approximate of Governor		•	.	•	.	•	Q '	
Development 15296 430 19,678,690,8 15,684 167,453,262,6 55 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0 (o , 1	•	e, ·	0	e,	•
And Weifure 1,526 (40) 19,678,680.8 15,644 167,453,262.6 5.5 15,644 167,454 167,4	÷		•	o,	0	ė,	•	q	
EFFENSE Table 1 1782 3 130, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 12			•	0	0	0.	•	9	
Performent 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	•	1,524.0	2	19,678,686.8	15,654	167,453,262.6	553,383	44.5	20.
EFENSE Table 4 142,611,719,8 11,779 278,826,636,3 38 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			-	e c	•	e c	•	Q (
FTENSE FOR STATE OF COLUMN CO	-	2		9	:	2 2 2 2 2 2	9	0	
EFENSE FOR 120, 120, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,	International of Transmission	9.001	•	9.617,116,24	11,709	2.000,020,012	312,223	0. 11 V. 11 L. 20	
EFFENSE FOR STATE CONTRIBUTION FOR STATE CONTRIBUTIO	appropriate to interpretability to the control of t		- •	₽ •	•	? •	-	e , (
EFENSE FINASE FOR STATE O	Manual Communications Communication		•	⇒ •	•	?	-	9.4	
EFFENSE FOR EVERY SEPTIMENT CONTRACT C	Terral Comment African Commence		•	D . (•	9	0 (e (
EFFENSE Table 127.3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	their effect Commencialistics Assessed		-	ə (•	29. G	9 (F. 0	•
EPTENSE FTENSE FTENS		.	•	.	D (.	0	e i •	•
EFENSE FFENSE FFENSE	: 4		•	Ö ¢	•	.	•	.	
EPENSE TRENSE TRENSE	i		•	?	•	2 6	•	7	
EFENSE 1.792.3 434 162.480,409.6 27,443 446.280,908.3 88 1.792.3 434 162.480,409.6 27,443 446.280,908.3 88 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	manuse Describeration	127.2	5 (.	•	E. 108	969	155,144.1	
EPENSE FIFTNSE THE NS THE STATE STATE SECTION O			- •	? •	•	s e	•	3 (
EFENSE FINENCE FOR THE			•	.	•	e e	•	9	
EPTENSE 1,792.3 434 162,490,409.6 27,443 446,280,908.3 98 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		?	•	Þ.	>	ə ;	•	8,192.1	114.8
EFENSE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 11 120 120,791.1 78.8 0 25.7 120 120,791.1	Total, civil agencies	1,792.3	1	62,490,409.6	27,443	446,280,908.3	866,002	68,478,736.0	1,400,111
.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	DEFENSE								
.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Bilipey fractions:								
.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Department of the Army	O:	0	O,	•		•		
78.8 0 25.7 120 120,791.1 78.8 0 25.7 120 120,791.1	Department of the New		0 (ą c	•		0	e , c	
78.8 0 25.7 120 120,791.1 78.8 0 25.7 120 120,791.1	repairment of All Colors	•	>	ج	2		>		
78.8 0 25.7 120 120,791.1	Total, military functions	•	0 (9	• ;		•		:
78.8 0 25.7 120 120,791.1	and leactions: Corps of Engineers	18.6	-	 B	R		1 5. 1	0.2M/50	200
	Total, Defense agencies	78.8	0	25.7	130		2 0, 28	53,042.6	17,807
One remains the state of the st		- 120	10,	6 367 007 691	603 56	7 000 107 377	200 000	40 531 770 6	141741

Source: General Services Administration

Federally Owned Land by Agency and Predominant Usage As of September 30, 1979 (continued)

	Office building location	ing location	Mailtary excluding arriverus					
	Acres	Cost	Acres	Cost	Acres	Cost	Acres	Cost
Part 2–united states								
CIVIL AGENCIES								
Central Intelligence America	149.3	98	Q	•	0	0	Q	•
Community Services Administration	96	55	, O	0	0	0	0	0
Department of Commerce	15.2	200	9 0	•	9	•	72.0	2,761
Department of Enemy	41.4	\$	Q	•	O.	•	0.	•
Department of Justice	2.12	425	O.	•	o,	•	•	•
	1.7	1,300	Ó	•	0.	0	0	0
Department of State	œ.	•	Ó	0	O.	0	O,	0
	3.8	21	O,	0	O,	0	9.7	53
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare	26.4	5,142	0;	0	O.	0	O,	•
Department of Housing and Urban Development	o.	0	0;	•	0	•	0	0
Department of the Interior	1,981.3	1,188	O;	•	2,787.5	0	o,	•
Department of Transportation	32.7	29	1,569.4	1,474	12,979.1	17.890	39.7	2,206
Environmental Protection Agency	0	•	O;	0	O.	•	O.	•
Federal Communications Commission	O,	0	0	0	O.	0	o	0
General Services Administration	6,439.7	324,573	193.0	100	0	0	0.	•
International Communication Agency	o.	0	o;	•	0	0	0;	0
National Science Foundation	o.	0	ó	•	o.	•	O,	•
National Aeronautics Space Administration	14.0	65	0	•	O.	•	0	•
Tennessee Valley Authority	1.7	222	œ,	0	O,	0	0	0
Treasury Department	26.3	140	O.	0	0.	0	o.	•
U.S. Postal Service	6,196.9	420,926	0	•	O.	0	O,	•
Veterans Administration	o:	0	o,	•	•	•	o,	0
Total, civil agencies	15,533.5	754,243	1,762.4	1,574	15,766.6	17,890	121.4	5,020
DEFENSE								
Military functions:								
Department of the Army	0.0	•	9,297,442.0	230,480	60,693.0	1.241	21,718.0	17,616
Department of the Air Force	.	• •	6.848,096.0	31,925	1,414,774.0	144,921	ė d	•
Total, mittary functions Gwl functions: Corps of Engineers	0. 901	786 987	17,994,214.5 .0	480,607 0	1,475,467.0	146,162 0	2,278.4	17,616 2,640
Total Defense atencies	6 401	788	17 994 214.5	480.607	1.475.467.0	146.162	23.996.4	20.256
		3						
Total, all agencies	15,636.4	755.031	17,995,976.9	462,181	1,491,233.6	164,052	24,117.8	25,276

Federally Owned Land by Agency and Predominant Usage As of September 30, 1979 (continued)

	Power development and distribution	Opposent and attorn	Reclamation and irrigation	nd brigation	Flood control and navigation	ad navigation	Vecset	11
	Acres	18	Acres	Const	Acres	Cost	Acres	Oper
PART 3—UNITED STATES								
CIVIL AGENCIES								
Central latelligence Agency	ė	•	•	G	q	•	•	c
Community Services Administration	e,	0	9	•	e e	•	ė e	. 0
Department of Commerce	9	•	9	•	e ·	•	O,	•
Department of Justice	41,042.6	117.62	137.6	13	9	0	o c	•
Department of Labor	e e	•	e c	>	.	> c	0.	• ;
Department of State.	ġ	•	27.1	7	120.292.7	43.257	, O	£ °
Department of Agriculture	9	0	O,	•	O.	•	9	•
	O,	•	Q	•	Q.	•	o.	•
Department of Housing and Urban Development	9	•	e,	•	ø,	•	2.7	-
Department of the Interior	731,542.6	16,021	6,015,056.3	377,391	49,767.1	3,840	17.0	7
Legarization of Talegorization	Q ·	0	0	0	87,336.3	37,991	171.7	0
Environmental Fronticus Agency	e e	0 (o (0	e e	0	e,	•
١.	ə c	9 6	.	•	٠,	•	0.	0
International Companies to Assocy	? C	> <	>	- (3 6	-	2,377.3	9 4 6.
	;	•	.	•	⇒ ∈	•	.	-
Netional Aeronautics and Space Administration	i d	• •	, c	•	, c	•	.	•
Tennessee Valley Authority	43,501.1	33,883	. ©	•	714.488.1	234.230	Ġ	
Treasury Department	0	•	0,	•	Q	•	. 0	• •
U.S. Postal Service	c	c	a.	•	o:	0	o;	•
Veterans Administration	o.	•	O.	0	0.	•	O,	•
Total, civil agencies	816,086.3	81,315	81,315 6,015,221.0	377,406	971,888.2	319,318	2,957.1	2,043
DEFENSE								
Military functions:								
Department of the Army	Q.	•	Ġ.	•	q	•	O,	•
Department of the Air France	e e	0 0	o c	•	.	0 (Q, (0
	2	•	9	-	; 	-	2	
Total, military functions	0;	•	ó	•	0	•	ø	0
CAMI Tenethons: Corps of Engineers	725,590.0	204,908	Q	• i	0 7,325,453.2	4,104,361	73.9	0
Total, Defense agencies	725,590.0	204,908	O:		0 7,325,453.2	4,104,361	73.9	0
Total, all agencies	1.541.676.3	286.723	286.723 6.015.221.0	377.406	377 406 8 297 341 4	4 423 679	0 110	100
						2,000	2,190,0	-

Federally Owned Land by Agency and Predominant Usage As of September 30, 1979 (continued)

		TERTIFICATION IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	į		Storage			
	Acres	3	Acres	3	Actres	Cont	Actual	8
PART 4-UNITED STATES								
CIVIL AGENCIES								
Canada Adams	Q	•	O,	•	O,	•	o.	•
Commission Company Administration	70	78	O,	0	Q	0	0	0
Department of Commerce	81.8	1,211	1.1	•	3.8	3		2
Department of Energy	O.	•	o,	•	2,111.7	83,085	1,379,631.3	67,103
Department of Justice	29,417.0	12,954	24.6	8	o c	0 0	o c	-
Department of Labor	4,220.2	4.703	21.1	**************************************			9 0	•
Department of State		9	.	6		16	0.	•
Department of Health Education and Welfare	3,549.3	12,548	o,	0	O;	0	o.	0
Department of Housing and Urban Development	0.	•	0	٥	O.	۰	0, 6	- :
Department of the Interior	21,366.8	1,245	322.1	3	915.5	571	781.0	2
Department of Transportation	668.7	3,434	874.0	3,295	5.1	.	325.2	2,033
Environmental Protection Agency	oi .	0	o. (0 0		> C		•
Federal Communications Commission	0. 6	0 5		2	2 301 3	33.800	434.3	265
General Services Administration	333.0	060.4	? <	3		0	0.	0
International Communication Agency	.	9 0	9	• •	e e	0	0	•
National Science Foundation	, c		Ó		8.5	-	998.3	10,662
Tennesses Valles Authorites			o.	•	0	0	1,641.3	116
Therein Densituent	2.015.9	3,525	19.1	7	82.3	'n	19.7	6,213
If S Pour Leavine	0	0	O,	0	0	•	o,	•
Veterns Administration	17,007.6	44,611	0	0	194.7	021	0	
Total civil acencies	78,662.3	88.309	1,263.8	4,065	9,525.0	117.711	1,383,836.7	107,335
DEFENSE				ı				
Military functions:		;	•	•	200	14 146	474 758 0	30 28
Department of the Army	439,394.0	23,416	.	-	0.706,186		583,257.0	66,341
Department of the Navy	9 0	• •	, c ,	0	Ó	0	13,367.0	6,22
	0 700 567	23.416	•	•	331.502.0	13,146	1,071,382.0	102,859
Total, military lunctions	0	0	•	0	146.2	300	6.	8
Trest Defense agenties	439,394.0	23,416	o	0	331,648.2	13,446	13,446 1,071,382.3	102,879
		365	8 896 .	4 0.65	241 173 9	131 157	131 157 2.455.219.0	210,214

7

Federally Owned Land by Agency and Predominant Usage As of September 30, 1979 (continued)

	Remarch and development	Populati	Other land	3	Total lase	1
	Acres	Cost	Acres	3	Acres	Contract
PART 6-UNITED STATES						
CIVIL AGENCIES						
Control Intelligence Agency	0;	•	133.6	2	183.1	ш
Community Services Administration	e.	•	Q	•	2.8	3
Department of Comments	54,670.3	£.123	1,000.1	2,950	66,971.0	12,228
Department of Energy	99,430.9	50,743	52,739.3	-	1,575,134.8	230,406
Department of Justice.	o,	•	22.5	2	30,015.5	13,422
Department of Labor	e,	•	=	-	4,631.6	6,532
Department of State	e.	•	161.9	•	120,482.6	43,259
	466,784.5	246	309,881.7	24.98	187,910,704.0	622,356
Department of Health, Education and Welflar.	708.6	2,5	o,	•	4,314.3	20,250
Department of Housing and Urban Development	o;	•	9. 78.	804		2
Department of the Interior	1,974.3	2	25,956,635.0	2,569	522,7	2,080,855
	5,015.5	£ 5.0	7.72.	10,705	8	83,706
Environmental Protection Agency	274.0	3.925	Θ.	:	274.0	3,925
Federal Communications Commission	o;	•	2,575.3	630	2,573.1	9
General Services Administration	9.08	475	458.1	18,168	16,548.9	383,688
	ą	0	8,701.9	1,635	8,701.9	1,654
National Science Foundation	3,573.6	1.200	q	•	3,573.6	007
National Aeronautics Space Administration	112,229.4	86,400	20,642.2	18,061	133,892.4	116,189
Tennessee Valley Authority	117.0	•	72,950.2	90'886	988,682.0	394,334
Theseary Department	o.	•	282.0	2	2,415.3	68
U.S. Postal Service	Ó	•	2.4	372	6,199.3	421,288
Veterans Administration	Q.	•	Q.	•	25,394.4	22,23
Total, civil agencies	744,858.7	144,246	26,509,322.6	184,968	713,818,651.8	4,499,433
35KBASQ						
Military functions						
Department of the Army	32,368.0	1,594	O,	•	10,657,875.0	317,786
Department of the Navy	Q.	•	726,688.8	2,258	3,158,622.3	286,801
Department of the Air Force	Q.	•	O,	•	8,276,237.0	189,072
Total, military functions	12.368.0	1.594	726.688.8	2.258	22.092.734.3	787 658
	247.0	951	6,651.4	28,663	8,234,483.5	4.393,377
Total, Defense agencies	32,615.0	1,750	733,340.2	176'08	30,327,217.8	5,181,035
Total, all agencies	777,473.7	145,996	27,242,662.8	215,909	744,145,869.6	9,580,468

Buildings

As of September 30, 1979, 78 percent of the floor area of Federal buildings in the United States was used for housing, service, storage, and offices. DOD controlled buildings which accounted for the major portion of five of the six leading usage categories. The following table shows the number of buildings, floor area, and cost by agency and predominant usage.

Federally Owned Buildings by Agency and Predominant Usage
As of September 30, 1979

	SLOW S	FLUGA AREA	(203)	1, 565	ALL AREA	1,65	at Des	PLULK AREA	LOST
AT 1 - U.S.		A FARM WHEN		-11.003	PEDUM ANER		82003	PEGER AREA	
IVIL AGENCIES `									
ARER BATTLE HONUN COMM	۰	ن	U						
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AG	ĭ	10.275					- 3		
CUMMUNITY SERVICES ADM	į,	59,315	430						
CEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	95	>51.401	19.525		•			•	
DEPARTMENT OF SHERGY	730	0,397,803	150.941	دّد	104.144	14,600	•		
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	1 43	615,100	10,079	-:	40.44	2.932	.,,	7.bul.Gay	
GEPARTMENT OF LARGE	103	801.108	44.014	20		1.453	34,	1,501,644	145.24
DEPARTMENT OF STATE			149		100.044		-	•	
CEPT OF AGRICULTURE	10 925	21.428 2.292.466	30.500	J	, ,		U	v	
CEPT OF MATH EQUINEL				3	3.374	102		•	
CEPT OF HIS & URBAN DEV	204	5 ,532 ,376	1.9,934	-5	4,226,345	129, 524	u		
CEPT OF THE INTERIOR				٠			J	٠	
DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION	902	3,837,495	66.660	14	100,103	475	J	·	
ENVIRGN PROTECT AGENCY	240	2.131.072	33,004	44		6,779	.	i au	
CHAINCH ANDIR'L VERICA	3	15,930	570	v	·	·	Ú	•	
FEU COMMUNICATIONS COM		_ 1.620				c	U	v	
GENERAL SERVICES ADMIN	944	144.763.245	774.063	17	62,441	415	•	·	
GCV ERNMENT PRINTING OFF	•	1.432.000	9,085	J	·	u	·	U	
INTERNATIONAL CON AGEN	٥	u	٥	·		0	u	·	
NATIONAL SCIENCE FUUND	,	170.233	+,345	· ·	·	ş	J	U	
NATL AREO SPACE AURIN	473	5,462,492	142,508		12,750	524	·		
TERMESSEE VALLEY AUTH	32	466.348	10,733	·	·	6	J	Ū	
TREASURY DEPARTMENT	30	1,249,474	44,339	Ú	Ü	ŭ	Ü	ū	
LS POSTAL SERVICE	3, 549	100.7.8.745	2,434,937	ű	į.		ū		
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION		4.845.284	43,392	909	19,050,405	1,004,302	<u> </u>	v -	
TETAL CIVIL AGENCIES	8, 671	241,504,140	0,444,324	1,155	e>.351,505	2,440,891	148	7,507,204	142.48
lf ms c									
PALITARY FUNCTIONS									
CEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	4. 643	57.409.200	050.904	524	10.435.322	493,407	٥		
DEPARTMENT OF THE MAYY	2.445	38,478,975	444.317	107	9.450.141		ŏ	•	
CEPT OF THE ALR FORCE	2,750	41 440 . 104	702,100	357	7,997,555	241, J.W 273, uci	•		
terr or the min runce		41 14 00 1304	104,100	331	7,797,373	130,273	,	171.041	Ladu.
TOTAL MILITARY FUNCTIONS	10,474	157,376,559	1,783,467	1.592	37,841,iSb	1,085,452	4>	171.641	20
IV 3L FUNCTIONS									
CORPS OF ENGINEERS	421	1.641.154	37,715		0	0	ü	U	
TOTAL DEFENSE AGENCIES	10.445	150,017,713	1.641,162	1.592	37,041,050	1,005,454	•5	171.611	L a divi
TOTAL . ALL AGRICIES		940.52853	8.221.300	2.790	123.192.503		393	1-019-112	

	4.0.4	**************************************	(2)		nes institute	, 1 1111	•		
PART 2 - U.S.	ALD ₀ S	FLOOR AREA	COST	1201	FLOOR MIEA	CASI	Tries	FLORE MEA	LOSI
CIA IT VEENCTES									
AMER SATTLE MINUM COMM	۰	0	u	- 4	٥	•			
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AU	0	•	ن	ن	ū	دَ	ă		
COMMUNITY SERVICES ADM	0	Š	ŭ	ã	ă	ā			
CEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	20	904,140	41.059	ũ	ŭ	ă	259	337,40.	2,00
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	12	141.040	2.747	16	426.311	8, 444	947	004,340	12.229
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	**	650.173	15.761	94	907.394	44,632	396	100,007	12.201
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR	325	3.501.215	49.070	دَدَ	920.106	23,405		3444.00	
DEPARTMENT OF STATE		0 11 11 11 1	3		4207100	4		3121.00	47.64
DEPT OF AGRICULTURE	ĭ	4.333		- 1	342.076	4. 27			•14
BEPT OF HETH EDU WEL	103	5.907.675	122.791	107	2.015.200		4.607	5.431.402	99.500
GEPT OF HSG & LABOR DEV		3,100,1013	*******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		55, 374	1.272	4.166.161	73,600
GEPT OF THE INTERIOR	517	943 .611	84,278			4			
DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION	770	1,363,963		1,034	4,240,011	05, GA4	11.047	21 . 9 . 9 . 1 9 4	430,047
ENVIRGN PROTECT AGENCY	"•	113031303	22,774	**	>92,000	17, 214	4,361	10.104,344	173.732
FEB COMMUNICATIONS COMM	ÿ	•	•		•	•	,	2.701	1
GENERAL SERVICES ADMIN	0			ú	·	•	u	٥	
QUERNAENT PRINTING OFF	•	50,240	546	84	col , 16 >	11,772	113	29/.107	3.300
and throught hallet har obb		v	•	4	u	9	·		
INTERNATIONAL CUM AGEN	9	Ü	0			u	Ü	ā	
MATIONAL SCIENCE FOUND	v	0	•	ł	4,241	344	75	197.262	2.731
MATL AERO SPACE ADMIN	•	149.517	14,540	۵	Ü		2.0	80,220	4.421
TERMESSEE VALLEY AUTH	٥	•			ŏ	į.	49	15.211	****
TREASURY DEPARTMENT	31	307 , 344	4.972	16	150.749	767	70	500.207	3.762
US POSTAL SERVICE	٥	U	٥	۵	4			,,,,,,	*****
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION	13_	370,079	3,300		Mareenijo	197437.	1,01	8.200.079	ىسىدە
TOTAL CIVIL AGENCIES	1.280	10,500,117	300,543	1,513	40.097.240	354.434	22.747	25.615.694	. Document
) EF EMSE	<u>-</u>						- 111111		
MELITARY FUNCTIONS									
CEPARTHENT OF THE MANY	4. 987	42 -140 -254							
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY	2.563		*** 113	>>>	2,957,059	74.564	57.27.	219,132,002	3,4+4,231
CEPT OF THE ALR FORCE		38 -255 -260	014,547	444	3.074.092	110,146	44,739	170,645,340	4 -984 -500
ett at the sta cours	1,354	20,610,200	707.048	LIS	1,435,47.	46,434	840663	242,002,246	2.042.494
TOTAL MILITARY FUNCTIONS	1,104	101.011.766	1,493,448	9.3	7,800,272			ellideersto	
IV IL FUNCTIONS							2007.222		- ,000 ,1 /2
CORPS OF ENGINEERS				_					
CORPS OF ENGINEERS			769		49.939	3.076	944		40000
TOTAL DEPENSE AGENCIES	9,109	101, 171, 139	1,094,454		7.930.720	228, 262	141.553	472,442,914	
TOTAL . ALL AGRICIES		119,542,256		2.657	28,427,977			348,484,894	

Source: General Services Administration

APPENDIX I

Federally Owned Buildings by Agency and Predominant Usage As of September 30, 1979 (continued)

	ALUGS.	FLUGA AREA	CEST	PLDES	-TWOOPINIW				
PARY 3 - U.S.	0000	FLUUR ARCA	<u> cusi</u>	81062	FLOOR BRES	CCST	ديانيو_	ELLI B. Abe A	
CIVIL AGENCIES									
MER BATTLE MONUM COMM	•	۵		_					
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AG	Ÿ		3	Ü		٠,٠	٥		
COMMUNITY SERVICES ACH	:	1.000	•	•	50,041	رود ده	4	14,779	1.404
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	137	44	` . · ·	٥		6	U		
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	1,371	590.293	3,434		19,185	11.7		*****	0.707
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		0.530,4427	98.045	1.11-	44 .444.063	1.551.44	1.121	A . 5 34 . C34	313.636
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR	101	1.3.7,199	71442	56	c , v24, 574	45.520	**	700,675	20,30
	244	799,001	دەد، •	,	4.500	2 }	150	034,323	****
GEPARTMENT OF STATE	21	35.460	531	ن	v	Ç	37	0.,333	34.
CEPT OF AGRICULTURE	5,007	6,452,213	ذ 61، لاذ	3/	21.511	228	244	1 1012, 594	ه د ځ و د ع
DEPT OF HLTH EDU HEL	1 85	1,216,190	20,327	U	Ų	٠	445	4.34.4.57	74 140
SEPT OF HSG & URBAN DEV	٥	J	u	u	· ·		U		
CEPT OF THE INTERIOR	7,104	8,745,764	65.531	243	1,401,055	12, 322	3.202	3,098, bud	720144
CEPT OF TRANSPORTATION	2.135	4.155.020	57.037	133	4.430.744	45. C. 7	4.083	414.000.0	120,05
ENVIRON PROTECT AGENCY	21	40,704	795	U		Ü		7,204	100000
FED COMMUNICATIONS COMM	13	24,150	45	۵	č	č	د	4,909	Ž.
GENERAL SERVICES ADMIN	1.131	52,170,123	253.071	Ğ	177.80.	20574	142	44402,200	40.77
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFF		د		ü	0	*****		- 1007 303	
INTERNATIONAL COM AGEN	á	ن	a a	- 5		-	ũ	•	
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUND	14	27.057	205		6.176	فسلا	ΔĬ	- 4	4.27
MATL AERO SPACE ADMIN	906	2,428,753	37.522	وَد ١	3.4.4.075	112.220	436	40,573	
TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTH	95	848.005	7.433	79	1,340,036	\$1216		3.300,641	مؤذوب
TREASURY DEPARTMENT	40	229,298	وذفية	'3		43.716	13+	2701496	43.40
US POSTAL SERVICE	3	4177170	41736	,	< + 454 + 154		*	42,6%	ŞAI
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION	1.130	4.905.043	27.922						
**************************************		417031043	211122		40.083	15.	511	4 10 04 1 Lin	
TOTAL CIVIL AGENCIES	19.950	90,936,894	631.924	4.002	55,580,028	1,774,145	4,546	2214954600	
ef ens i									
PILITARY FUNCTIONS									
CEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	18.+31	150,928,405	001.445						
CEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY	12.145	121.605.136	542,329	0.757	********	*47. 474		145,420,522	2,005,48
CEPT OF THE AIR FORCE	10.948	61,795,777	**3,074	#05	*******	444.030	10,007		*********
ate to the air toxes	10,700	0711331111	403,074	150	43,035,546	275,501	450463	103.4.4.4/2	4.903.44.
TOTAL MILITARY FUNCTIONS	41,544	334,329,320	1,080,048	7.676	87.759.844	1,432,263	56.840	46504 12.746	1.407.41
IVIL FUNCTIONS									
CORPS OF ENGINEERS	1.704	3,203,480	22.679	20	the ear				
T: - : T T : : T : : : : : : : : : : : :		2			186,543	24,446	509	6,000,509	220666
TCTAL DEFENSE A GENCIES	43,248	337.53∠.000	1,709.522	7. > 10	87,944.747	1,420, 149	57, 809	432 1677 1287	
TOTAL . ALL AGENCIES	€3.20¢	428.449.694	2,341,491	9,758	144,200,815	3,200,938	00,745	106,404,507	0.344.004

	RESEA	RCH AND DEVEL	OPHENT	•	NINCK BUILDING	, <u>;</u>	•	IUIAL DULLUAN	
**************************************	BLDGS	FLUCA AREA	Cast	ELUGS	FLUW AREA	Cust	د ماد د	FLULK BRES	Lest
PART 4"- U.S.									
CIVIL AGENCIES									
MER BATTLE MONUM COMM	0	٥	٥	ن	G	c.		·	J
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AG	ō	دَ		5	414	•	ĩ	74.742	4.505
COMMUNITY SERVICES ADM	ō	ā	ũ	ă		5		20110	1,505
CEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	1 37	2.900.684	100.936	207	259.938	11,5,7	500	042844647	1000244
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	1,344	21.059.739	1.146.518	32.	848, 476	17.594	7.17.	444.560.60	1,1811)10
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		0	4	275	1.350.984	44. 456	1.479	1017771744	474,00
DEPARTMENT OF LANDR	ā	Š	ũ	دَّد	441.070	4, 274	4.491	745004502	04.1934
CEPARTMENT OF STATE		ă	ŏ	- 7	0.765	164	4.3	172,007	41772
GEPT OF AGRICULTURE	1,513	7.818.845	193.047	3.720	4,440,486	47	17.92/	.5.650,403	*****
DEPT OF HLTH EDU WEL	172	4 : 140 : 640	101,344		152,442	47,240	4,455	ودد، داد، لد	110000
DEPT OF HSG & URBAN CEV	- · ·	٥	0	3			2,777	20131111370	,,,,,,,
CEPT OF THE INTERIOR	315	1 .730 .304	44.309	7.770	9.736,634	127, 175	22, 244	84,454,47	407.415
DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION	60	724.352	34.157	4.048	0.141.745	429, 422	144440	2910-21-79	\$45.012
ENVIRON PROTECT AGENCY	54	919.061	44 4422	075	100.574	403	11,100	1,050,610	
FEC COMMUNICATIONS COM	- 7	43,450	889	53	01,113	1.474	"		40,544
GENERAL SERVICES ADMIN	111	702.859	12.007	270			4.120	******	. ****
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFF	***	, u, u, u,	******	2.0	3,200,403	391443		*47 **** 1AA	
INTERNATIONAL COM AGEN	ŏ	•					. •	1,434,644	A 444 5
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUND	34	380.924		ڊڌ	443.402	16.901		443,845	14.743
MATE ARRO SPACE AGMIN	124	15.244.115	1.102.590	44	45.547	74	113	4666467	331967
TENMESSEE VALLEY AUTH	14			. 44	430.452	1691	4,483	24 14 6 7 4 24 5	*****
TREASURY DEPARTMENT		60.172 5.087	1,375	115	204.11	6, Ec.	***	313671343	281442
US POSTAL SERVICE	i,	2,687	·	11	106.051	4.478	240	********	44.104
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION	Ü		٠	٠	ر _	v	.,505	144,720,105	
ARIEKWA? MOMENTZIKWITOM	148	1,703,569	1,073		4.107.273	10,043	30014	4 62 90 4 6 6 5 7 9	* 12561012
TOTAL CIVIL AGENCIES	4. 479	57.571.281	3.44.527	19,330	30.747.768	774,462	76,000	125.402,140	
OFF ENSE									
PILITARY FUNCTIONS									
GEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	1.472	13.974.643	435.7.0						
GEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY	2.466	23.242.050	204.002	57	786.650			115,014,615	
CEPT OF THE AIR FORCE	1,,61	10,243,050	501.351	5.440	11.702.004		87.834		
CEPT OF THE MIN TORCE	31251	10 17 10 17 2	301.331	1,750	20/240104	3111199	162. 345	:06,07.,574	*******
TOTAL MILITARY FUNCTIONS	0.121	55 .511 .850	1,003,083	10.204	10,323,416	444.14	364,163	**********	. > . i >
CIVIL FUNCTIONS									
CORPS OF ENGINEERS		4.592.634	17,967	5.147	4,410,978	04, 524	60000	44471444	
TETAL DEFENSE AGENCIES	0.192	58,104,084	1.021.050	15,470		877,300	2.41.27	1310 me 1 2 -	
TOTAL . ALL AGENCIES	10.071	115,075,805			and the second				
			410001711	34,808	211.40.104	10001.770	4030141	*******	Seal Planes.

Structures and facilities

As of September 30, 1979, the Government owned structures (other than buildings) and facilities in the United States costing \$52.2 billion. Six usage categories—power development and distribution, flood control and navigation, utility systems, roads and bridges, reclamation and irrigation, and airfield pavements—accounted for \$41.2 billion, or 78.9 percent, of the total cost of structures and facilities. DOD accounted for the major portion of cost in 13 of the 17 predominant usage categories. The following table shows the cost of structures and facilities by agency and predominant usage.

Federally Owned Structures and Facilities by Agency and Predominant Usage As of September 30, 1979

	AIRFIELD	MARBOR &	POUER DEV	BECLAM. 6 IRRIGATION	AND NAVIUS	3 TORA GE	THOUSINIAL	PEKATCE	ALSEARCH DEVELOP
PART 1 - U.S.									
CIVIL AGENCIES AMER BATTLE MONUM COMM		s 01						s .	
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AG	•			- :	ĭ	Ĭ	Č	U	
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	171	15.797	219	•3	+71	68		49	
GEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	4,454	1,544	2,364,714	45,303	820	14,085	93.704	22,475	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	•	141	**3	936		543	1,234	34	
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR	0	2,778	0	٥	40	*27	ž	34	
DEPARTMENT OF STATE			6,407	1.743	119,770	1.70	*		
DEPT OF AGRICULTURE CEPT OF MLTH COU WEL	3,090	792	ÿ	1,,43	3	1,154		>,442	
DEPT OF HSG & URBAN DEV	9	432	8	š	ă	*****		,,,,,	1
SEPT OF THE INTERIOR	4, 543	22.995	1.525.700		214.543	4,242	14,114	خدد	8,32
DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION	80,097	75.527	300	465	106,017	7,742	3, 767	4,-42	
ENVIRON PROTECT AGENCY	ò	121	- 0	- 3	J	110	4	43	
FEO - COMMUNICATIONS COMM	ě	Ü	•	U	•	31	Ç	u	
GENERAL SERVICES ADMIN	0	٥	۰	110	1,442	4,799	146	643	
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MATL AERO SPACE ADMIN	37.512	,0, 0 01		**	744, 331	24,27 <u>.</u> 235	20.055	9,272	95415
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TOTAL, CIVIL AGENCIES	139,189	133.918	? • Zále 1 30	+,012,233	1.285.550	100.00	مدينية لل	12.327	#Whall
TOTAL CITTLE MANAGES		2-11	at the second	_:/-#:#-1					
DEFENSE									
PILITARY FUNCTIONS	539.002	510,644	٥	د	u	241,462	4,774	411.814	104.2
ARMY	161,332	07 236	ŏ	ě	j.	484, 484	86,444	494,400	
AIR FORCE	1,534,544	10,399	63,654	ă	ن	147,950	25	L +200 1 325	
TOTAL . MILITARY PUNCTIONS		544,279	- 22,654	<u> </u>		917,950	47,294	Landia 741	422.4
CIVIL FUNCTIONS CORPS OF ENG CIVIL	11	. 31 . 450	4 505 503	1041	7, 44, 783	20,783	**	201492	9 12
			4,505,902				- <i>الك</i> ذهماله		
TOTAL. DEFENSE AGENCIES	2.137.789	719.729	412124	494.483	Licher III	599,741			
TOTAL ALL AGENCIES	2,267,974	44a - 48 A	12.347.463	A	4. 6.4. 4.1	1-011-748	219.246	1,573,305	عمكالامد
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MARKET VALUE OF FEDERAL REAL PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES

The Federal Government does not attempt to maintain a market value of Federal real property. Instead, it generally accounts for Federal real property on the basis of acquisition cost. A few attempts have been made to place a more current value on Federal real property, but not with the premise of a large-scale disposal program.

Between 1955 and 1973 the House Committee on Government Operations periodically asked Federal agencies to report real property holdings on the basis of current value. For example, in 1973 the committee's estimated value of public domain land (92 percent of the total onshore acreage owned by the Federal Government) was \$29.9 billion. The estimated value was based on an overall assessment and was not parcel specific. The following table shows the committee's estimate by agency as of June 30, 1972.

ESTIMATED VALUE OF PUBLIC DOMAIN PROPERTIES IN THE UNITED STATES, $1972\frac{21}{}$

Agency	Acres	Value of Land
USDA	160,565,806	\$ 14,413,763
ABC (1)	1,810,371	39,132
DOC	51,312	1,216
COE (civil)	734,793	12,262
PCC	173	800
GEA	87	2,052
105M	679	1,105
DOI	525,780,043	15,221,452
International Boundary & Water Commission		
(U.S. Section)	2,523	118
DOJ	5,166	256
MASA	14,493	485
DOT:	.,,,,,,	403
USCG	39,058	17,988
TAA	40,730	7.960
FRA (Aleske RR)	36,480	•
	116,268	25,948
VA	1,953	1,363
Defense :		
AFBY	7,023,022	75,104
Havy	2,278,709	106,934
Air Force	6,940,732	23,193
	16,242,463	205,231
TOTAL	705,326,124	\$ 29,925,185
Mineral Resource Value		
of Public Domain (3)		2,877,864
Outer Continental Shelf (4)	9,939,000
Subtotal		12,816,864
TOTAL		\$ 42,742,049

⁽¹⁾ Now in DOE.

Values are predicated on present receipts from mineral leases, licenses, and permits taking into account probable future production and demand factors; capitalized (except where noted) as an annuity for 50 years at 4 percent compound interest and discounted to present value Some lands transferred from the public domain are included.

Source: "Federal Payment Formula," Hearings and Markup of the Subcommittee on Government Affairs and Budget and the Committee on the District of Columbia, House of Representatives, June 18 and Sept. 15 and 16, 1980, Serial No. 96-16, p. 769.

⁽²⁾ Estimated Values unavailable without an appraisal which is not planned within the forseeable future.

⁽³⁾ For the purpose of establishing a real estate value of the public domain, mineral resource values are the capitalized value of income accruing to the Federal Treasury. This income is almost entirely derived from minerals subject to mineral leasing acts. Only negligible income is derived from minerals subject to location under the mining laws because they pass from federal ownership upon discovery; before discovery, they have only speculative assignable value best reflected in the surface values. Building stone, sand and gravel, and similar materials subject to disposal under the materials act are also reflected in surface walues.

⁽⁴⁾ The 1973 report notes that the Outer Continental Shelf estimate is preliminary, subject to change with production experience, with litigation, with large bonuses from lease sales, and with technologic developments. Considering the developments since that time, this estimate is obviously quite low.

^{21/} U.S. House of Representatives, Committee on Government Operations, 93rd Congress, 1st Session. Federal Real and Personal Property Inventory Report, as of June 30, 1972. (Washington, D.C., USGPO, 1973), pp. 95, 96.

More recently, the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations (ACIR), in conjunction with a study on payments in lieu of taxes, estimated the current value of Federal real property (land, buildings, and structures and facilities) at \$279 billion as of 1978. This figure did not include public domain land. For this project, the Commission defined current value as the dollar amount necessary to replace the existing property in its current condition and form. As far as we could determine, the Commission's effort was the first of its kind. The Commission estimated the current or replacement value of each Federal parcel by using growth multipliers to update GSA cost data.

The Comptroller General's Interagency Advisory Committee on Federal Consolidated Financial Statements has also reviewed the problem of determining a more current value for Federal real property. A Committee task group developed a current value for buildings, structures, and facilities but not for land. The task group's estimate of \$316 billion as of 1978 was developed by applying various indexes, mostly computed by the Commerce Department, to the estimated historical acquisition costs. This figure should be reduced for accumulated depreciation, but the task group's report gave only an accumulated depreciation figure for all assets; it did not break it out for specific assets such as buildings, structures, and facilities.

The current or replacement values that these groups developed are not the same as market value and should not be confused. The current or replacement values were based on historical costs, updated by various indexes, whereas market value would be based on estimates of what could be obtained in the marketplace. The current or replacement value is not necessarily the amount of money that could be realized in the marketplace. Even estimated market values would have to be used with an understanding of how they were developed and the assumptions underlying them. For example, market value based on the Federal Government's retaining most of its real property could be very different from a market value based on large-scale disposal of Federal real property.

ADVISORY COMMISSION ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS' ESTIMATE OF PROPERTY VALUE

The following material from the ACIR shows in more detail the values it developed. The charts and tables do not include public domain land and exclude property in the following categories: property held in Federal trust, flood control and navigation, parks and historic sites, forests and wildlife, reclamation and irrigation, grazing lands, roads and bridges, and monuments and memorials.

ESTIMATES OF 1978 REPLACEMENT VALUE OF FEDERALLY OWNED REAL PROPERTY, BY ALTERNATIVE REAL PROPERTY BASES (PHASES) (In thousands of dollars)

		Valu	ations	
Description	Land	Buildings	Structures and Facilities	Total
All federally owned real property in U.S.	\$63,655,300	\$148,365,157	\$66,733,567	\$278,754,02
All federally owned real prop- erty in U.S., to date Federally owned real proper-	63,655,300	78,629,838	66,733,567	209,018,70
ty in U.S., excluding certain usage categories for "open space" lands	20,023,886	148,365,157	41,793,604	210,182,64
Federally owned real proper- ty in U.S., excluding certain usage categories for "open space" lands, to date	20,023,886	78,629,838	41,793,604	140,447,32
Federally owned real proper- ty in U.S., excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions only	11,202,781	45,634,153	23,206,439	80,045,37
Federally owned real proper- ty in U.S., excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions, to date	11,202,781	30,330,927	23,208,439	64,742,14
Federally owned real proper- ty in U.S. urban counties, excluding certain usage cate- gories, for civil functions only	6,054,487	24,339,756	3,044,693	33,438,93
Federally owned real proper- ty in U.S. urban counties, excluding certain usage cate- gories, for civil functions only,	R 054 487	18 040 862	3 044 693	27.149.04
Federally owned real proper- ty in U.S. nonurban counties, excluding certain usage cate- gories, for civil functions only	5,148,294	21,294,397	20,163,746	46,606,43
Federally owned real proper- ty in U.S. nonurban counties, excluding certain usage cate- gories, for civil functions only,	5.148,294	21,294,397	20.163.746	46.606.43
	All federally owned real property in U.S. All federally owned real property in U.S., to date Federally owned real property in U.S., excluding certain usage categories for "open space" lands Federally owned real property in U.S., excluding certain usage categories for "open space" lands, to date Federally owned real property in U.S., excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions only Federally owned real property in U.S., excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions, to date Federally owned real property in U.S. urban counties, excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions only Federally owned real property in U.S. urban counties, excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions only, to date Federally owned real property in U.S. nonurban counties, excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions only, to date Federally owned real property in U.S. nonurban counties, excluding certain usage categories, for civil functions only Federally owned 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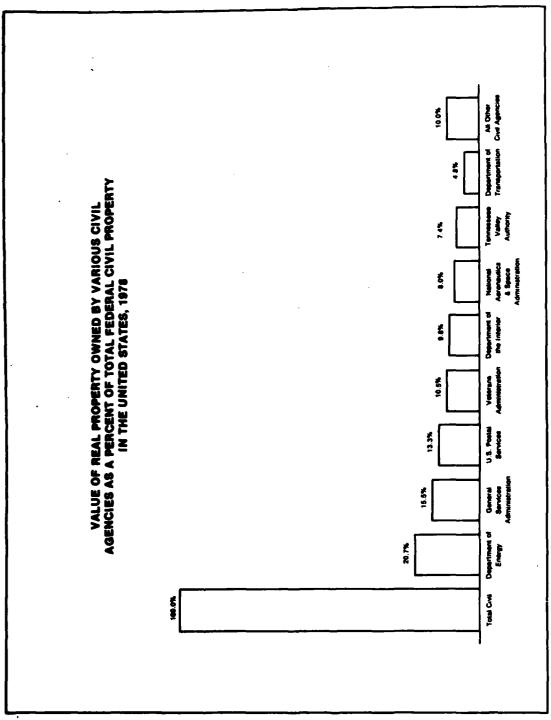
Source: "Payments in Lieu of Taxes on Federal Real Property," ACIR, Sept. 1981, p. 112.

THE VALUE OF FEDERALLY OWNED REAL PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES, BY STATE, 1978

Value in Thousands of dollars

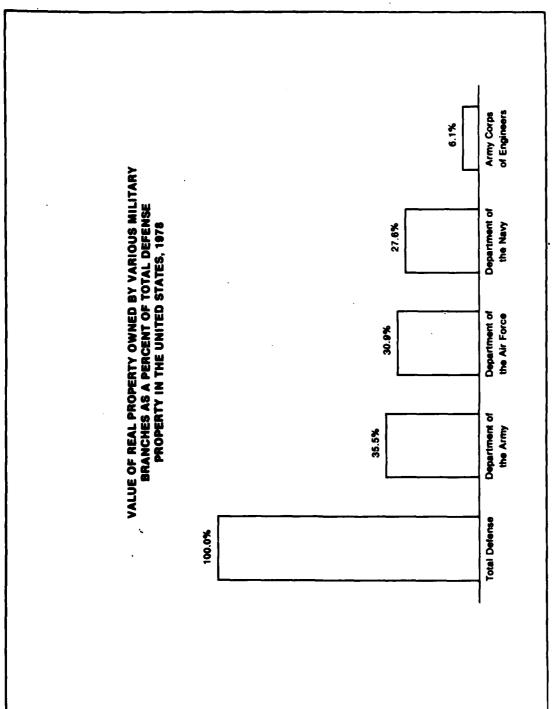
	Number of	Abomboo of			Structures and	
State	installe- tions	Number of Buildings	Land	Buildings	Facilities	Total
Alabama	350	7,232	\$ 261,564	\$ 2,522,265	\$2,248,427	\$ 5,032,256
Alaaka	1,052	7,793	403,905	3,912,568	1,296,096	5,612,569
Artzone	358	11,053	135,248	2,432,069	1,121,871	3,689,188
Arkanees	298	4,534	133,374	673,716	666,183	1,473,273
California	1,504	59, 686	3,450,564	18,516,400	3,417,166	25,384,130
Colorado	445	7,086	328,151	3,057,883	769,488	4,155,522
Connecticut	204	2,129	139,911	1,116,906	79,139	1,335,956
Delaware	85	1,148	31,286	447,134	71,516	549,936
District of Columbia	153	1,923	996,983	6,351,949	208,592	7,557,524
Floride .	753	14,838	808,404	5,427,955	1,453,351	7, 689 ,710
Georgia	475	12,741	1,056,522	3,553,717	906,101	5,516,340
Hawaii	279	14,610	426,645	3,797,645	752,196	4,976,486
ideho	307	4.195	73,826	909,105	513,700	1,496,633
Minole	681	7,151	716,968	5,342,579	471,790	6,531,337
Indiana	353	5,5 66	275,984	1,708,013	340,547	2,324,544
lowe	289	1,642	110,802	625,368	98,171	834,341
Kaneas	308	7,749	267,625	3,000,297	600,678	3,868,600
Kentucky	316	6,847	253,921	2,131,678	1,123,299	3,508,898
Louisiana	351	4,880	264,673	1,996,541	321,846	2,583,060
Maine	290	3,196	69,067	880,869	274,589	1,224,545
Meryland	347	11,691	503,271	6,628,344	726,290	7,859,905
Massachusetts	444	5.315	446,673	2,695,877	259,615	3,402,165
Michigan	659	6,308	181,661	1,582,748	231,345	1,995,754
Minneeote	374	3,014	77,201	747,080	109,392	933,673
Mississippi	275	5,543	137,897	1,370,179	575,275	2,083,351
Missouri	644	6,142	259,689	2,580,849	419,751	3,260,269
Montane	596	6,144	90,909	751,200	1,327,973	2,170,082
Nobraeka	308	2,499	112,668	1,081,693	234,610	1,426,971
Neveda	223	4,780	55,864	678,756	488,790	1,223,410
New Hampehire	94	814	24.071	209,254	67,814	301,139
New Jersey	377	7,466	431,705	3,429,696	511,375	4,372,778
New Mexico	314	11,710	244,382	3,057,901	517,907	3,820,190
New York	1,037	9,322	1,318,165	6,709,314	553,967	8,581,466
North Carolina	453	15,348	199,991	2,649,503	538,666	3,366,160
North Dekota	617	4,696	18,357	887,510	999,327	1,905,194
Ohio	613	5,597	433,982	4,427,330	705,577	5,586,889
Oklahoma	374	7,253	120,613	2,533,217	425,939	3,079,769
Oregon	714	4,470	235,933	540,381	2,239,886	3,016,200
Penneytvania	719	6,312	515,922	3,506,273	583,053	4.605,248
Rhode leland	94	2,644	86,077	728,027	178,785	992,889
South Comiles	253	0.070	851 508	3,231,940	820,239	4,703,777
South Carolina South Dakota	233 397	9,970 2,990	651,598 24,736	766,722	621,508	1,412,966
Tennesses	436	2,990 5,902	845.838	3,711,080	3.303.898	7,860,816
Texas	1,178	26,344	823,050	9,519,931	1,396,515	11,739,496
Utah	282	4,759	56,382	1,444,932	462,536	1,963,850
			47 407			122 207
Vermont	106	334	17,197	105,188	11,512	133,897 10,615,279
Virginia Weeklastee	537	17,617	813,079		1,676,688	
Washington West Vissials	846	16,706	875,898		4,513,080	9,611,124 578 247
West Virginia	249	1,213	82,549		92,372 130,567	
Wisconsin Wyoming	385 305	4,404 3,188	87,751 43,332	1,096,706 537,883	139,567 323,586	1,326,024 904,801
·· yeriming	~~	J, 100	70,002	20.,030	-20,000	30.,001
U.S. Total	23,101	406,494	20,023,886	148,365,157	41,793,604	210,182,647

Source: "Payments in Lieu of Taxes on Federal Real Property," ACIR, Sept. 1981, pp. 116-117.



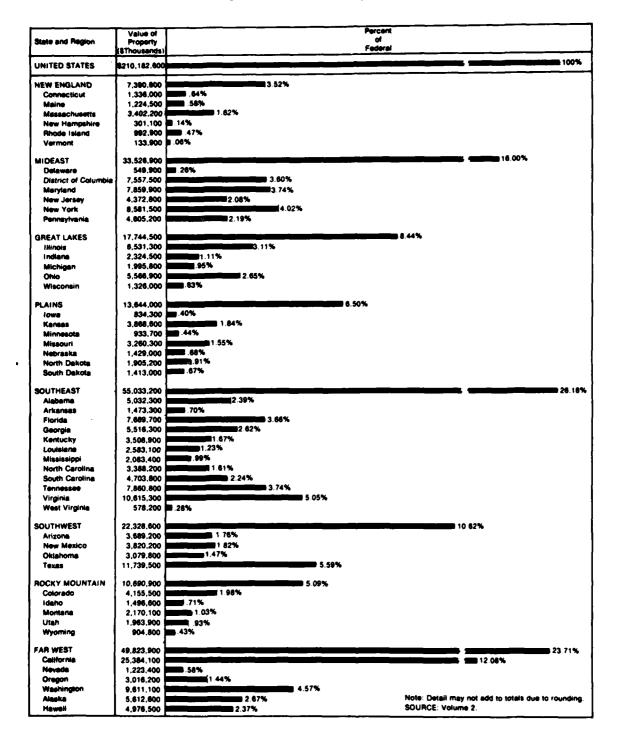
"Payments in Lieu of Taxes on Federal Real Property," ACIR, Sept. 1981, p. 118. Source:

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"Payments in Lieu of Taxes on Federal Real Property," ACIR, Sept. 1981, p. 119. Source:

VALUE OF FEDERALLY OWNED REAL PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES, BY STATE AND REGION, 1978



Source: "Payments in Lieu of Taxes on Federal Real Property," ACIR, Sept. 1981, p. 120.

INTERAGENCY ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS' ESTIMATE OF PROPERTY VALUE

The following material from the Interagency Advisory Committee on Federal Consolidated Financial Statements 1/ is an illustration of a Federal financial statement based on both constant dollar and current value accounting. The material was developed by the Committee's Asset Valuation Task Group.

ILLUSTRATION OF DISCLOSURE OF CONSTANT DOLLAR AND CURRENT VALUE ACCOUNTING

If assets are adjusted to present historical costs in constant dollars and for current costs, increases or decreases attributable to holding assets gives rise to gains that should be recognized as income.

Holding assets during periods of inflation results in unrealized gains or losses. We believe recognizing unrealized gains as operating income will distort the Consolidated Financial Statements and mislead readers. The main reason for this is that assets will have to be replaced at current market prices in order to maintain the same level of operating capability after assets are sold or no longer useful.

On the Consolidated Financial Statements, one way of displaying the increases or decreases in historical costs of assets due to inflation is to adjust the Fiscal Deficit by the amount of the adjustment to assets. We have recommended that this be presented in a supplementary schedule, accompanied by a note describing the procedures used. The following schedule is intended to illustrate the disclosure of constant dollar and current value measurements of Feleral assets.

^{1/}This material is excerpted from "Alternative Methods for Reporting the Effects of Changing Prices on Federal Assets," report of the Asset Valuation Task Group to the Interagency Advisory Committee on Federal Consolidated Financial Statements, Dec. 1980, pp. 59-63.

Financial Position of the U.S. Government as of September 30, 1978 Restated in Constant Dollars and Current Costs (amounts in billions)

	Historical Cost	Constant Dollar	Current Value
Assets			
Cash and monetary reserves Operating cash in the Treasury International monetary	\$ 22.4	\$ 22.4	\$ 22.4
reserves Other cash	18.8 5.0 46.2	18.8 5.0 46.2	624.6 5.0 652.0
Receivables (net of allowances) Accounts receivable Accrued taxes receivable Loans receivable Advances and prepayments	7.7 24.0 119.9 5.3 156.9	7.7 24.0 119.9 5.3 156.9	7.7 24.0 119.9 5.3 156.9
Inventories (at cost) Goods for sale Work in progress Raw materials Materials and supplies for Government use Stockpiled materials and	16.1 .9 2.0 35.2 27.6	(a) 16.1 .9 2.0 35.2 27.6	43.0 2.4 5.3 94.0
Property and equipment (at cost) Land Buildings, structures,	9,1	81.8 (a) 238.1	178.0 (a)
end facilities Military hardware Equipment Construction in progress Other	152.3 45.9 21.1 1.7 304.3	226.6 74.4 21.1(a) 1.7(a) 562.9	245.3 73.9 25.2
Accumulated depreciation	$\frac{(170.0)}{170.3}$	(362.1)	(416.5) 245.6
Deferred charges and other assets Total Assets	\$ 479.6	24.4(a) \$ 510.1	24.4 \$1256.9

Financial Position of the U.S. Government as of September 30, 1978
Restated in Constant Dollars and Current Costs (amounts in billions)
(Continued)

	Historical Cost	Constant Dollar	Current Value
Liabilities			
Accounts payable Unearned revenue Borrowing from the public Accrued pension, retire- ment, and disability plans	\$ 65.8 11.3 606.7	\$ 65.8 11.3 606.7	\$ 65.8 11.3 606.7
Military personnel Civilian employees Social security Veterans compensation Federal employees	147.4 173.6 928.0 143.9	147.4 173.6 928.0 143.9	147.4 173.6 928.0 143.9
compensation	8.2 1401.1	8.2 1401.1	8.2 1401.1
Loss reserves for guarantee and insurance programs Other liabilities Total liabilities	3.2 45.2 2133.3	3.2 45.2 2133.3	$\frac{3.2}{45.2}$ 2133.3
Accumulated Position			
Accumulated position be- ginning of period Prior period adjustment	(1450.4) 12.5	(1450.4) 12.5	(1450.5) 12.5
Restated accumulated posi- tion beginning of period Current period results Current noncash provision	(1437.9) (90.4)	(1437.9) (90.4)	(1437.9) (90.4)
for social security Net unrealized gain/loss- due to changing prices	(125.4)	(125.4) 30.5	(125.4) 777.3
Accumulated position end of period	(1653.7)	(1623.2)	(876.4)
Total liabilities and accumulated position	\$ 479.6	\$ 510.1	\$1256.9

⁽a) Information not presently available.

Notes to Supplementary Schedule on Changing Prices

Financial statements prepared under generally accepted accounting principles or the Comptroller General's accounting principles report the actual number of dollars received or expended without regard to changes in the purchasing power of the currency or changes in the cost of goods consumed. Investments made over extended periods of time are added together as though the dollars involved were common units of measurement.

Prices of specific goods and services change for many reasons other than changes caused by the general inflation. The impact of general inflation and of changing specific prices can be estimated independently.

The supplementary data on changing prices is based upon historical financial information shown in the primary financial statements adjusted for (1) general inflationary factors and (2) the changes in specific prices relating to these items.

Constant Dollar Data

The constant dollar data presents historical cost financial information adjusted only for changes that occurred in the general purchasing power of the dollar as measured by the Consumer Price Index. Therefore, it is the traditional financial information restated to a common unit of measurement, i.e., the dollar as valued at fiscal year end 1978. Restatements were made of all assets except monetary items. Monetary assets were excluded because these purchasing power gains or losses should not be used to assess the performance of the Federal Government in maintaining purchasing power.

Current Value Data

The current value data is also expressed in fiscal year end 1978 dollars. Property, plant, and equipment have been restated to their estimated current costs. These estimates are necessarily very subjective. The large volume of assets precludes individual current cost measurements, and the amounts shown for inventories, buildings, structures, and equipment were determined by applying various indexes, mostly computed by the Commerce Department, to the estimated historical acquisition costs. Although the indexes used appear to be compatible with the changing costs experienced by various Federal departments and agencies, the final results could differ significantly from actual current costs. This is especially true for assets that are subject to vast changes in technology, i.e., military hardware.

For Federal land holding, the amount is based on assessed values as estimated by the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Interior every 5 years. In the interim years, the Department of Agriculture's annual farm price indexes are applied to the assessed value.

Deferred charges and other assets are not valued at current values because it is not practical to do so.

DISPOSAL OF FEDERAL REAL PROPERTY--PROBLEMS AND ISSUES

The Federal Government generally operates under the policy of retaining and managing public lands and other property; acquiring property only when needed to support its various programs; and disposing of property when a determination is made that the property is surplus to the Government's needs or, in the case of public land, that the national interest would best be served by the sale or exchange of particular tracts of land. If this policy were changed to encompass a large-scale disposal program, the impact on other Federal programs as well as on States and local communities could be significant.

CURRENT DISPOSAL PROGRAMS

Although the Government has not had a large-scale disposal program for some time, provisions still exist in law for transfer of title to some public property. The property disposal practices of the principal Federal land management agencies are summarized below. The material is excerpted from a Congressional Research Service report. $\underline{1}/$

Department of the Interior

Bureau of Land Management (BLM). As administrator of more than 400 million acres of public land, BLM is the only Federal agency that makes public domain land available for sale or other disposal on a relatively frequent basis.

Criteria for sales and exchanges of BLM land are provided in title II of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701-1781). This act repealed most prior laws pertaining to the sale or disposal of public land and established new land sales procedures. Regulations to implement the sale of public lands under FLPMA have been published. The regulations on FLPMA's sale provisions also provide a way for individuals to recommend that specific tracts of land be offered for sale. In general, the sales take place at public auction and are conducted through the State BLM offices. The sale of a tract of public land is to be made at not less than fair market value.

In addition to being available under FLPMA, public land will continue to be available under certain other laws. Some irrigable arid and semiarid lands will be available for disposal under the Desert Land Act (43 U.S.C. 321-323). Similar lands may become available in States that are eligible to patent land to

^{1/&}quot;Land Disposal Policies of the Principal Federal Land Management Agencies," Report No. 81-156 ENR, Congressional Research Service, July 1, 1981.

settlers under the provisions of the Carey Act (43 U.S.C. 641). Persons holding a valid mining claim under the 1872 Mining Act (30 U.S.C. 21 et seq.) may also be eligible to receive title to the lands under claim. In addition, several other laws authorize the conveyance of land to States and local governments as well as private parties under certain circumstances.

The FLPMA's repeal of the Homestead Act of 1862 went into effect immediately in all States except Alaska, where the effective date of the repeal will be delayed until October 1986. However, because of land use planning and agricultural suitability requirements, it is unlikely that many homesteading grants can be made in Alaska during this interim period.

Bureau of Reclamation. The Bureau, which is responsible for 6.6 million acres in 17 Western States, has a policy of retaining only those lands that are deemed necessary for reclamation project purposes. Once parcels of land are identified as unneeded, they are either sold by the Bureau if the value of the sale is less than \$1,000 or turned over to BLM or GSA. Sales, however, have dwindled over the last several years because of the reduction in irrigation projects. On occasion, the Bureau exchanges unneeded lands on which there are facilities that interfere with a project. Exchanges are also possible under FLPMA.

National Park Service. For all practical purposes, land in the National Park System, which consists of 320 units comprising over 76 million acres, is not available for sale. Occasionally, however, the Congress will authorize an exchange of private land which is located within the boundaries of the areas of the National Park System for other Federal lands (e.g., BLM lands) which are located outside the areas' boundaries.

Fish and Wildlife Service. Land in the National Wildlife Refuge System, which consists of over 400 wildlife refuges comprising over 89 million acres and a number of wildlife production areas administered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, may not be transferred or otherwise disposed of unless the Secretary of the Interior determines that the land is no longer needed. At times, land in the system may be exchanged for private lands which will result in equal or greater wildlife benefits. The exchange mechanism is used strictly as a tool to improve or upgrade the refuge system.

Department of Agriculture--Forest Service

For all practical purposes, National Forest System land, which totals 188 million acres, is not available for sale. According to the cited Congressional Research Service study, the Service's sale authority is limited to public agencies and is authorized to exchange land if such exchanges would further

the public interest. The decision to exchange or otherwise dispose of land is entirely discretionary on the part of the Service and the Secretary of Agriculture. Also noteworthy is that about 85 percent of the National Forest System land is open to mineral exploration and development.

Department of Defense

DOD regularly reviews Federal land under its jurisdiction (approximately 24.5 million acres at September 30, 1979) to identify land it no longer needs. If this land was originally part of the public domain, it goes to BLM for disposal or transfer; acquired land is subject to GSA's surplus property disposal procedures. DOD also has authority to exchange lands, but exchanges rarely occur.

General Services Administration

The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 provides the statutory means whereby most Federal real property holdings, which Federal agencies find are no longer required for their needs and responsibilities, are reported to GSA. Such property is classified excess. Under normal procedures, GSA screens excess property against the needs of other Federal agencies and, when another agency needs the property, transfers it to that agency. Property excess to the needs of all Federal agencies is classified surplus and disposed of outside the Federal Government. Surplus real property may be offered to State and local governments and eligible nonprofit organizations. It also may be offered for sale to the public through sealed bids, public auction, brokers, or negotiation.

At the start of fiscal year 1980, GSA had 881 excess and surplus properties on hand (up from 770 properties 2 years before) with an original cost of almost \$1.7 billion. During 1980 GSA expected to dispose of property costing \$205 million by transfers to other agencies, donations to public agencies, and sales. Revenues from the sales transactions were expected to be \$80 million.

The excess and surplus properties held by GSA come from many agencies but mainly from DOD. Of the 881 properties on hand at the start of fiscal year 1980, 52 percent came from DOD compared with about 15 percent from GSA, the next largest source.

IMPACT OF LARGE-SCALE FEDERAL REAL PROPERTY DISPOSAL PROGRAM

GSA and BLM officials pointed out that in determining if a large-scale Federal real property disposal program is feasible, the following concerns should be considered: (1) impact on the real estate market and market values of both Federal and private

property, (2) impact on Federal land management policy, (3) loss of revenue generated from public lands and other lost benefits, and (4) impact on numerous other Federal programs.

Impact on market values

The values placed on Federal real property by such groups as ACIR have been developed on the basis of the Federal Government's retaining ownership of most Federal property. However, a change of policy to a large-scale and quick disposal program would create a markedly different real estate market in many areas, not only for Federal property but for private property as well. This would be most likely to occur in areas such as those Western States where the Federal Government is the largest single landowner. these areas, private property values tend to be higher because of the limited amount of private land available. If large amounts of Federal land were to suddenly become available for private purchase, the private land values could drop and the value the Government would receive for its land could also be less than the value estimates based on a policy of Federal retention of most properties.

The Government could have difficulty also in finding buyers for many of its properties because (1) the Government currently disposes of property on a cash basis and does not finance its sales, (2) some Federal properties would not attract any buyers, (3) the Government has a policy of selling only surface and not mineral rights to public domain lands, (4) the marketplace could not absorb such a large amount of property within a short period of time, (5) finding buyers who could qualify to obtain financing at current high interest rates could be difficult, and (6) buyers may be unable to obtain financing on vacant land with any lending institutions under present cash liquidity problems, even if interest rates were much lower.

Impact on Federal land management policy

A large-scale disposal of Federal public land has not taken place for some time, although provisions still exist in law for transfer of title for some Federal public land. FLPMA sets forth as a national policy the retention and management of public lands unless, as a consequence of the land use planning process established by the act, a determination is made that the national interest would best be served by the disposal of particular tracts of land. A large-scale disposal program would deviate from this policy.

Loss of revenues and other benefits

The benefits expected to be derived from disposing of Federal property should be compared with benefits given up. For example, many Federal properties generate income to the Government through such activities as timber sales, grazing fees, and mineral leases. Disposing of these properties would mean giving up this income. The following tables show the receipts from public lands and resources. The tables do not include all sources of revenue from Federal property.

Receipts from the disposition of public lands and resources, May 20, 1785—flacal year 1979

				Source			
Fiscal year	Sales of public land and materials	Sales of timber	Fees and commissions	Mineral leases	Outer Continental Shelf leases	Miscellaneous?	Total
May 20 1786 - 100e 30 1880						\$206,059,657	\$208,059,657
1881-1890	\$76.923.581		\$13.471.437			8.873.661	99.268.679
1861-1900	21,312,029		9.152.920			3.027.577	33,482,526
1901-1910			16,074,789			13.242.241	94.094,736
1911-1920						23,580,948	67.023.267
1921-1930				\$76.371.588		6.636.922	104,454,108
1931-1940				44.602.550		5,613,130	57,963,979
1941-1946				90.792.727		11,457,439	72,266,201
1947-1950				95.415.072	:	14,090,979	127,625,371
1951-1960				615.668.922		107.926.288	1,399,496,150
1961-1970				1.093.760.046		214,394,232	4,769,454,292
1971				135,241,084		25,303,256	1.287,867,794
1972				129.824.006		25,104,309	525,000,572
1973		104,642,478		133,408,962	3,955,577,016	27.096.419	4.230 113 985
1974				252.797.918		34.163.006	7.17.000.190
1975				302.621.580		42.316.010	2,919,614,365
1976				320,849,069		52.674.367	3,191,829,619
1976 transition period (7/1-9/30/76)				63,092,049		11,287,050	1.450.154.672
1977	2,816,124			315,133,478		55.031.963	3,008,054,651
1978	1.609.366			369.800.778		65,962,696	2,923,887,884
1979	9.239.954			446.019,825		62.385.329	4,051,959,380
Total, fiscal years 1971-1979	49,007,541	1,341,503,506	170,625,113	2,466.788,749	26,344,073,006	402.144.407	30,776,342,322
Grand Total	302 489 203	2.065.948.514	279.947.705	4,445,399,654	29,696,530,731	1,019,247,481	37,809,563,288
		z i disconsis					

"Act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 4.27, 20 U.S.C. 181 seq.).
"Before 1880, includes all receipts from sale or lease of public lands and resources. After 1880, includes sales of andian lands grezing revenues, rental of land, mineral leasing under special laws, and other miscellaneous sources.

Note —Includes the collections of the Bureau of Land Management and its predecessor organizations (1785-1946), the General Land Office (1785-1934); and the Grazing Service (1934-1946) for annual data for 1940-1946, see GLO Statistical Appendix for 1942-1970, see Public Land Statistical Appendix for 1961. For annual data for 1962-1970, see Public Land

Source: "Public Land Statistics, 1979," BLM, p. 157.

Statement of receipts by source, flacal year 1979

				Grazing leas	Grazing leases, licenses, and permits	d permits		All other receipts	receipts		
State	Mineral leases and permits	Sales of timber	Sales of land and minerals	Sec. 3	Sec. 15	Other	Fees and commis-	Rights- -of-way	Rent of land	Other	Total
Alabama Alaska	2.481.892	230	964.617			4.772	4,380	9.964	(896,362),	40.625	125,168
Arkansas	1,446,742		790.00	1.083.02	25.00	12.38	68.580	g g	1.685	202.00	1,518,012
Colorado	40.397.637	250.891	47.503 84.812	476.038 736.402	267.366	.028	317.965	143,280	38.153	273.851	42,368,452
Florida	340,790	:					135,425	8	2,435	3	478,670
Ideho	5.069.888	840.780	156.154	1,963,693	73.885	:	88	101	30 228	78.611	7.151
Ulimous	62.256						1.10	386	•		63.620
Kansas	1.560.227				237		3.430		2.970		1.563.434
Kentucky	180,835						8			8	181.795
Maine	8,3/8,516		2.610				100 128	9	1.29		6.497,705
Maryland	29								3		9
Minnesota	20.423		1 800			:	12,975	5	6.336	<u>3</u>	461.879
Mississippi	1.954.263						263,206		16.830	310	2.234,609
Montana	16,802,350	325.062	41.234	1,283,023	283 089	1003.001	3 2 18 2 86	9 200	32 034	5.265	10,458,943 22,813,703
Nebraska	491.801	:	:							}	537,132
New Mexico	13,318,632	28.8 48.5	7.490.830	3,182,300	85.810 472.283	42 641	533,189	120.985	14,443	32.80	24.843.860
New York	14.852		:		:				:	2	14,852
North Carolina	A 700 604						980				98
Ohio	16.504		917		080.7		5 5 5 5		292'58	360	6,924,409
Oklahoma	4,342,272	:			8		7.360		70,701	5,175	4,425,796
Pennsylvania	642	110,181,012	36.237	1,706,633	101,608	1,167	71,228	116,061	6,129	2	218,761,309
South Carolina	1 505 607	5003	15.086	:	900		01 27	966			02.00
Tennessee	-						288	:			1.00.1
Texes Class	427.885 25.284.518	15.257	51 796	1 423 341	476	**	1.970	:	18 523	21 630	430,352
Virginia	202,825					1	300,760	:	:		503.565
West Virginia	146,791		8		22.636		000	i	98.7	131,588	149,451
Wisconsin	153,880,105	78,772	270,642	2,002,180	866,648	35.669	24,064,119	56.609	8.602	90,151	1,293
Total States	1486,480,307	218,206,406	9.239.964	16,190,341	2,785,924	900,878	39,730,131	"	286,367	900,581	775,592,124
Outer Continental Shelf	3,267,375,733										
Total operating											
revenue	3,753,856,040	218,208,408	9,239,654	16, 190,341	2,785,924	900.878	39,730,131	869,213	286.387	900,581	4,042,967,857
Nonoperating revenue						:				8,991,523	8,991,523
Grand Total	3,753,856,040	218.206.406	9,239,864	16,190,341	2,765,924	900,876	39,730,131	869,213	286,387	9.662.104	4.051.959.380

Prior year adjustment. Includes "O&C" lands \$193.546,297 and Coos Bay lands \$10,870,170. Includes \$16,458,882 from sale of geothermal steam. "Public Land Statistics, 1979," BLM, pp. 158-159. Source:

Factors that should be considered before Federal lands are disposed of include the following:

- --Would the lands provide more monetary benefits to the Federal Government in Federal or private ownership?
- --Section 317 of FLPMA transfers 50 percent of Federal leased mineral revenues to the States. They would lose potential revenue if Federal leased minerals were transferred to private ownership.
- --Federal lands have values such as recreation, scenic, and conservation values that could be lost to the public if the lands were sold.

All benefits lost should be weighed against the benefits gained.

Impact on other Federal programs

The properties of greatest value are the improved properties which generally house Government operations or are used to provide Government services. Any disposals of these properties would first require a decision as to the need for these services and programs and, if they are needed, whether they should be provided from Government-owned facilities. Examples of such properties would include federally owned office buildings as well as facilities managed by organizations such as the Tennessee Valley Authority, Bonneville Power Administration, and Corps of Engineers. DOD is one of the largest holders of Federal real property, and any decision to dispose of DOD property should be considered in light of the various defense programs.

Also, a large-scale public land disposal program would affect many other Federal programs on the public lands. For example, BLM cannot dispose of a tract of land until the requirements of most, if not all, of the following mandates are satisfied.

Mandated by law:

- -- Act of June 8, 1906, Public Law 59-209.
- --Historic Sites, Buildings and Antiquities Act of August 21, 1935, Public Law 74-292.
- --National Historic Preservation Act of October 15, 1966, Public Law 89-665.
- --Federal Land Policy and Management Act of October 21, 1976, Public Law 94-579.

- --National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, January 1, 1970, Public Law 91-190.
- --Act of June 27, 1960, Public Law 86-523.
- -- Endangered Species Act of December 28, 1973, Public Law 93-205.
- -- American Indian Religious Freedom Act of August 11, 1978, Public Law 95-341.

Mandated by executive order:

- -- Floodplain Hazard Evaluation, Executive Order 11988.
- --Protection and Enhancement of the Cultural Environment, Executive Order 11593.
- -- Protection of Wetlands, Executive Order 11990.

Mandated by procedural requirements:

- -- Cadastral survey.
- -- Land appraisal.
- -- Field examination and land reports.
- -- Adjudication.
- -- Right to protest and/or appeal.
- --Mineral evaluation.
- -- Wildlife habitat.

Discussion of two items from the list will illustrate the kinds of requirements BLM must meet.

1. The Federal Land Policy and Management Act requires several actions, including:

Land use planning. Section 102(a)(1) of FLPMA states that it is the policy of the United States that:

"the public lands be retained in Federal ownership, unless as a result of the land use planning procedure provided for in this Act, it is determined that disposal of a particular parcel will serve the national interest * * *."

Section 202 of the act describes this planning procedure.

According to BLM, decisions to dispose of, or authorize the use of, public lands subject to the act must be arrived at through the BLM planning process. Specific parcels of land that will meet important public objectives through lease, permits or disposal are identified by both (1) BLM planners and (2) the public or State and local government officials. Decisions on whether to authorize the use or disposal of such tracts are then made by BLM field officials.

Developing new plans or revising existing plans may take from 1 to 2 years to complete, depending on the complexity of the issues involved.

Coordination with State and local governments. Section 202(c)(9) of FLPMA provides for the coordination of BLM land use plans with the land use plans of the State and local governments. This coordination requires consideration of State and local plans and resolution, to the extent practical, of inconsistencies between Federal and non-Federal government plans and the involvement of State and local government officials in the development of land use decisions for public lands. Where disposal or use of a parcel of public land for a non-BLM program is inconsistent with State or local government plans, much time may be required to revise the plans or the use or disposal may never be authorized if State or local governments are deeply opposed to the use.

BLM wilderness study. Section 603(a) of FLPMA established a 15-year period for review of roadless areas of 5,000 acres or more and roadless islands of the public lands identified as having wilderness characteristics described in the Wilderness Act of September 3, 1964 (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.). Section 603(c) of FLPMA provides that during the period of review, the lands shall be managed in a manner that will not impair their suitability for preservation as wilderness, subject to the continuation of the manner and degree of mining, grazing, and mineral leasing that was being carried out when the act was enacted.

Most land uses or land disposals within potential wilderness areas are generally believed to be inconsistent with wilderness preservation. Therefore, decisions on such actions will normally be deferred until after the review period.

Mineral evaluation. Under FLPMA, BLM may dispose of mineral lands. Lands no longer have to be determined to be "non-mineral in character." Disposals are to be based on fair market value of the lands which may include the mineral estate. All conveyances of title issued by BLM under FLPMA, except those involving land exchanges, reserve all minerals in the lands to the United States. An additional land use management and disposal consideration imposed by FLPMA is that the public lands be managed in a manner which recognizes the Nation's need for domestic sources of minerals, including implementation of the Mining and Minerals Policy Act of 1970 (84 Stat. 1876, 30 U.S.C. 21(a)) as it pertains to the public lands. Therefore, if there are mining claims on the lands, an evaluation of mineral potential is to be made to determine the best use of the land. If transfer is proposed, the validity of the mining claims must be determined and appropriate action taken (contest claims if found to be invalid, or cancel transfer if claims are found to be valid). Validity determinations and subsequent contest often take years to complete.

Should a large-scale disposal program be undertaken, the program would be subject to these and other requirements unless the act authorizing the disposal program waived them or made some other provision for them. In any case, a large-scale disposal program would require increased resources and staffing levels for administration. Also, the time required to dispose of large quantities of property could extend over many years.

LIST OF MATERIALS TRANSMITTED UNDER SEPARATE COVER

- A. Selected General Services Administration tables and charts:
 - --Real property owned by the United States throughout the world, by agency.
 - --Comparison of federally owned land with total acreage of States.
 - --Federally owned land by State and predominant usage.
 - --Federal land within the United States by predominant usage.
 - --Federally owned buildings by State and predominant usage.
 - --Federally owned structures and facilities by agency and predominant usage.
 - --Federally owned structures and facilities by State and predominant usage.
 - -- Federally owned property in the United States by State, agency and bureau.
- B. Excerpts from the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations' September 1981 report, "Payments In Lieu of Taxes on Federal Real Property."
- C. Excerpts from the Comptroller General's Interagency Advisory Committee on Consolidated Financial Statements' report, "Consolidated Financial Statements of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 1979 (Prototype)."
- D. Excerpts from the report of the Asset Valuation Task Group to the Interagency Advisory Committee on Consolidated Financial Statements, "Alternative Methods for Reporting the Effects of Changing Prices on Federal Assets."
- E. Congressional Research Service's report, "Land Disposal Policies of the Principal Federal Land Management Agencies," Report No. 81-156 ENR, July 1, 1981.
- F. General Services Administration's Office of Real Property report, "Resources/Inventory," dated August 31, 1981, and summaries of excess and surplus property disposal activities for fiscal years 1975 through 1979.
- G. Excerpts from Bureau of Land Management's report, "Public Land Statistics, 1979," dealing with land disposition and use.

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